

TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®

NOTICE OF INFORMATION FROM OTHER SOURCES

USE OF THIS FORM BY PERSONS WHO ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® IS NOT AUTHORIZED, ©Texas Association of REALTORS®, Inc. 2008

То:	BUYER:	
10.	BUYER:	
From:	ALLISON "AJ" HARWOOD	(Broker)
Prope	erty Address: 800 ALLISON LANE, SAN MARCOS, TX 78666	
Date:	May 26, 2016	
<u>11</u> 25 fro	roker obtained the attached information, identified as <u>sellers disclosure package</u> NCLUDING TAR FORMS: 2501,1406,1407,1506,1917,1414,2507,2508,1928 504,2506,2505,2509,2513,CONLEY/ISAAC LETTER & NOTICE REGARDING OF WILT IN CENTRAL TEXAS FROM SELLER. NOTICE AND GENERAL INFORMATIONS FROM TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS.	AK ,
	roker has relied on the attached information and does not know and has no reason to keep information is false or inaccurate except: NONE.	(now that
re	roker does not warrant or guarantee the accuracy of the attached information. By on the attached information without verifying its accuracy. BON "AJ" HARWOOD	. Do not
By:_V ALi	LISON "AJ" HARWOOD	
Receip	ot of this notice is acknowledged by:	
Signati BUYER	ure Date	
Signatu BUYER		

(TAR-2502) 7-16-08

Page 1 of 1

11-2-2015



Information About Brokerage Services

Texas law requires all real estate license holders to give the following information about brokerage services to prospective buyers, tenants, sellers and landlords.

TYPES OF REAL ESTATE LICENSE HOLDERS:

- . A BROKER is responsible for all brokerage activities, including acts performed by sales agents sponsored by the broker.
- . A SALES AGENT must be sponsored by a broker and works with clients on behalf of the broker.

A BROKER'S MINIMUM DUTIES REQUIRED BY LAW (A client is the person or party that the broker represents):

- Put the interests of the client above all others, including the broker's own interests;
- Inform the client of any material information about the property or transaction received by the broker;
- . Answer the client's questions and present any offer to or counter-offer from the client; and
- Treat all parties to a real estate transaction honestly and fairly.

A LICENSE HOLDER CAN REPRESENT A PARTY IN A REAL ESTATE TRANSACTION:

AS AGENT FOR OWNER (SELLER/LANDLORD): The broker becomes the property owner's agent through an agreement with the owner, usually in a written listing to sell or property management agreement. An owner's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the owner of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent or subagent by the buyer or buyer's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BUYER/TENANT: The broker becomes the buyer/tenant's agent by agreeing to represent the buyer, usually through a written representation agreement. A buyer's agent must perform the broker's minimum duties above and must inform the buyer of any material information about the property or transaction known by the agent, including information disclosed to the agent by the seller or seller's agent.

AS AGENT FOR BOTH - INTERMEDIARY: To act as an intermediary between the parties the broker must first obtain the written agreement of *each party* to the transaction. The written agreement must state who will pay the broker and, in conspicuous bold or underlined print, set forth the broker's obligations as an intermediary. A broker who acts as an intermediary:

- Must treat all parties to the transaction impartially and fairly;
- May, with the parties' written consent, appoint a different license holder associated with the broker to each party (owner and buyer) to communicate with, provide opinions and advice to, and carry out the instructions of each party to the transaction.
- Must not, unless specifically authorized in writing to do so by the party, disclose:
 - that the owner will accept a price less than the written asking price;
 - o that the buyer/tenant will pay a price greater than the price submitted in a written offer; and
 - o any confidential information or any other information that a party specifically instructs the broker in writing not to disclose, unless required to do so by law.

AS SUBAGENT: A license holder acts as a subagent when aiding a buyer in a transaction without an agreement to represent the buyer. A subagent can assist the buyer but does not represent the buyer and must place the interests of the owner first.

TO AVOID DISPUTES, ALL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN YOU AND A BROKER SHOULD BE IN WRITING AND CLEARLY ESTABLISH:

- The broker's duties and responsibilities to you, and your obligations under the representation agreement.
- . Who will pay the broker for services provided to you, when payment will be made and how the payment will be calculated.

LICENSE HOLDER CONTACT INFORMATION: This notice is being provided for information purposes. It does not create an obligation for you to use the broker's services. Please acknowledge receipt of this notice below and retain a copy for your records.

Licensed Broker/Broker Firm Name or Primary Assumed Business Name	License No.	Email	Phone
Designated Broker of Firm	License No.	Email	Phone
Licensed Supervisor of Sales Agent/ Associate	License No.	Email	Phone
Sales Agent/Associate's Name	License No.TIA	Email	Phone
Buyer/Te	enant/Seller/Landlord Initials	Date	

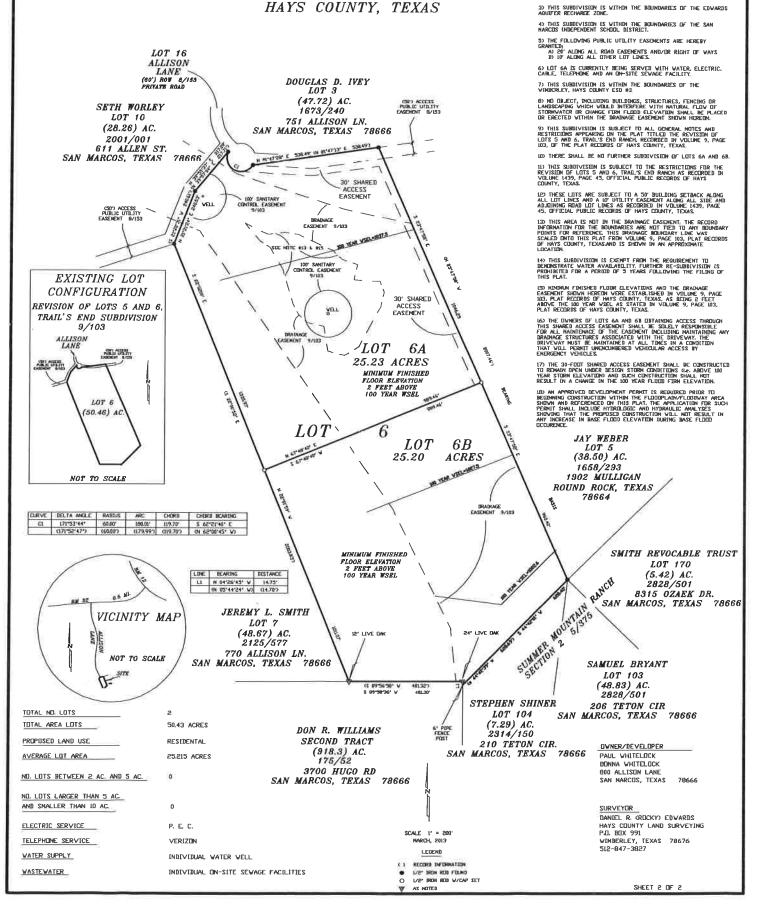
Regulated by the Texas Real Estate Commission

Information available at www.trec.texas.gov

RESUBDIVISION OF LOT 6 ESTABLISHING LOT 6A AND LOT 6B REVISION OF LOTS 5 AND 6, TRAIL'S END SUBDIVISION A SUBDIVISION IN HAYS COUNTY, TEXAS

D THIS SUBDIVISION LIES IN THE EXTRA TERRITORIAL JURISDICTION OF THE CITY OF VINBERLEY, TEXAS.

2) ACCORDING TO THE NATIONAL FLOOD DISURANCE RATE NAP, COMMUNITY PANEL NO. 4820903085F, DATED SEP, 2, 2005, PORTIONS OF THESE LOTS ARE IN JUNE A VHERE BASE FLOOD ELEVATIONS HAVE NOT BEEN ESTABLISHED.





TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®

SELLER'S DISCLOSURE NOTICE

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Section 5.008, Property Code requires a seller of residential property of not more than one dwelling unit to deliver a Seller's Disclosure Notice to a buyer on or before the effective date of a contract. This form complies with and contains additional disclosures which exceed the minimum disclosures required by the Code.

THIS NOTICE IS A DISCLOSURE OF SELLER'S KNOWLEDGE OF THE CONDITION OF THE PROPERTY AS OF THE

800 ALLISON LANE

SAN MARCOS, TX 78666

												IONS OR WARRANTIES TH SELLER'S AGENTS, OR AN		_	
Seller										w I	ong	since Seller has occupied the	Pro	per	ty?
							er occupied the Pro	•	•						
Section 1. The Propert												or Unknown (U).) e which items will & will not conve	€V.:		
Item		N		-	tem		., .,	Υ	N		ľ	Item	Y	N	U
Cable TV Wiring	X			L	.iqu	id P	ropane Gas:	X				Pump: ☐ sump ☐ grinder			X
Carbon Monoxide Det.		X		-	LP	Con	nmunity (Captive)		X			Rain Gutters	35	X	
Ceiling Fans	X			-	LP	on F	roperty	X	/			Range/Stove		X	
Cooktop	X			F	lot	Tub	part of pool	X				Roof/Attic Vents			X
Dishwasher	X			I	ntei	con	n System	1	X			Sauna		X	
Disposal	X			N	/licr	owa	ive	V				Smoke Detector	X		
Emergency Escape					Outo	door	Grill		X			Smoke Detector - Hearing			
Ladder(s)		X							()			Impaired		X	
Exhaust Fans	X			F	atio	o/De	ecking around pad	X				Spa		X	
Fences	X			F	lun	nbin	g System	X				Trash Compactor	1	×	
Fire Detection Equip.	/	X		F	900			X				TV Antenna		X	
French Drain		X		F	900	Eq	uipment	X				Washer/Dryer Hookup	X		
Gas Fixtures		X		F	900	Ма	int. Accessories	X				Window Screens		X	
Natural Gas Lines		X		F	,00	Не	ater		X			Public Sewer System		X	
Item				Y	N	U	U Additional Information								
Central A/C				X			☑ electric gas number of units:								
Evaporative Coolers					X		number of units:								
Wall/Window AC Units	Vat.	age	RM	X			number of units:								
Attic Fan(s)	U)	3		X		if yes, describe:								
Central Heat				X			☑ electric ☐ gas number of units:								
Other Heat					X		if yes, describe:						_;		
Oven				X	ľ		number of ovens:								
Fireplace & Chimney				X	不		₩wood gas lo	gs		mo	ck	dother:			
Carport					X		attached no	t at	tac	hec					
Garage				X	33.0		attached no	t at	tac	hec					
Garage Door Openers				X			number of units: _		2			number of remotes: 2			
Satellite Dish & Controls	;			X			owned Selease	ed f	rom	۱	0	ISH TY			_,
Security System					Х		□ owned □ lease	ed f	rom	١					
Water Heater			X			⊠ electric gas		oth	ner		number of units:	ىچ	,		
Water Softener			X			owned Deased from Culligar									
Underground Lawn Spri	nkle	er			X		automatic manual areas covered:								
Septic / On-Site Sewer Facility X if yes, attach Information About On Site Sewer Facility (TAR-1407)															
(TAR-1406) 01-01-16			Initial	ed b	v: I	Buve	er: ,		and	d S	eller	(Alul On) P	age	1 0	of 5

RE-MAX Real Properties, 160 South River Wimberley, TX 78676 Allison AJ Harwood

CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT

Initialed by: Buyer: _____, and Seller Phone: 512.848.602 Fax: 512.857.8588

Produced with zipForm® by zipLogix 18070 Fifteen Mile Road, Fraser, Michigan 48024 www.zipLogix.com www.zipLogix.com

Page 1 of 5 800 ALLISON LANE

Concerning the Property	at			S	AN MARC	OS, T	X 78666		
Water supply provided by	y: □ city 5%	well MUD) [l co-o	o 🗍 unki		☐ other:		
Was the Property built b	efore 1978? [Jyes ⊠no	î [unk	nown				
(If yes, complete, si	gn, and attach	TAR-1906 co	nce	rning	lead-base	d paint	hazards).		
Boof Type: Meta	12		Α	ue. J	1/	ONLY	S (anni	oxim	ate
le there an overlay roof	covering on the	a Proporty (ch		oc or	roof covo	ring pla	ced over existing shingles or roof co	Oziii	all'
		e Floperty (Si	iirigi	es 01	TOUT COVE	illy pia	ced over existing stilligles of root co	veni	ig):
ges no unkn	own								
Are you (Seller) aware of	f anv of the ite	ms listed in t	his S	Sectio	n 1 that a	e not in	n working condition, that have defect	ts. or	are
need of repair? □ ves	Mino If yes	describe (at	tach	addit	ional shee	ts if ne	cessary):	.0, 0.	٠.٠
need of repair.	Allo il jos	, describe (at	laon	addit	ional snee		ocssary)		_
-									
Section 2. Are you (Se	eller) aware o	f any defects	s or	malf	unctions i	in any e	of the following?: (Mark Yes (Y) if	vou	are
aware and No (N) if you						,	•	,	
	1,								1
Item	YN	Item				N	Item	_ Y	N
Basement		Floors				X	Sidewalks		X
Ceilings	X	Foundatio	n / S	Slab(s)	X	Walls / Fences		X
Doors	X	Interior W	alls				Windows		X
Driveways	V	Lighting F		29		10	Other Structural Components	\neg	1
Electrical Systems	17	Plumbing				1	Other officialar compensation	+	×
	- X		Oys	tems		 X		+	⊢
Exterior Walls		Roof				لكيل			
Section 3. Are you (So you are not aware.)	eller) aware o	f any of the	folle	owing	conditio	ns: (Ma	ark Yes (Y) if you are aware and l	No (N	4) i
Condition			V	N	Condit	lon		V	I NI
Aluminum Wiring			1	_			ndation Repairs	₩	N
Asbestos Components			+-	X			Repairs	_	X
Diseased Trees: a	k wilt		+-	X			al Repairs	_	Y
Endangered Species/H		ertv	+-		Radon		arriepairs		X
Fault Lines	abitat on 1 top	City	-	×	Settling			+	X
Hazardous or Toxic Wa	ste		+	X		vemen	†	+	+
Improper Drainage			1	X			ructure or Pits	_	Ŷ
Intermittent or Weather	Springs		1	X			Storage Tanks	_	X X
Landfill	Opinigo		1	X			ements	_	
Lead-Based Paint or Le	ad-Based Pt.	Hazards	1	·			asements	_	X X
Encroachments onto the		· iazai do	1	X			hyde Insulation		X
Improvements encroach		property	1	Z		Penetra			X
Located in 100-year Flo		*1	X				Property	_	X
Located in Floodway	- Jupicani	*2	Íχ		Wood		roporty	_	X
Present Flood Ins. Cove	erage	700	1				ion of termites or other wood	_	XXXXX
(If yes, attach TAR-141	~			X			ects (WDI)		r
Previous Flooding into the Structures				X			ment for termites or WDI		X
Previous Flooding onto the Property (Yee)							ite or WDI damage repaired	+	X
Located in Historic District				X		is Fires		\top	X
Historic Property Designation				X			ol damage needing repair		X
Previous Use of Premis		cture					able Main Drain in Pool/Hot		
of Methamphetamine				X	Tub/Sp				X

(TAR-1406) 01-01-16

Initialed by: Buyer: _____, and Seller

Page 2 of 5

Concerning the Property at			SAN MARCOS, TX 78666
lf t	he ansv	wer to any of the items in Section	3 is yes, explain (attach additional sheets if necessary):
		*A single blockable main	drain may cause a suction entrapment hazard for an individual.
wh	ich ha	. Are you (Seller) aware of are some not been previously disclo	y item, equipment, or system in or on the Property that is in need of repairsed in this notice? yes in this notice? yes in the Property that is in need of repairsed in this notice?
no Y	ction 5.	• •	ny of the following (Mark Yes (Y) if you are aware. Mark No (N) if you ar
	X	Room additions, structural modin compliance with building cod	lifications, or other alterations or repairs made without necessary permits or no es in effect at the time.
×	. 🗆	Name of association: Manager's name: Fees or assessments are: Any unpaid fees or assessm	naintenance fees or assessments. If yes, complete the following: RAILS END RANCH HOA Phone: 312 396 959 per Lot year and are: A mandatory voluntary ent for the Property? yes (\$) no nan one association, provide information about the other associations below of the complete the following:
	A	with others. If yes, complete the	ch as pools, tennis courts, walkways, or other) co-owned in undivided interest following: mmon facilities charged? yes no If yes, describe:
	本	Any notices of violations of de Property.	ed restrictions or governmental ordinances affecting the condition or use of the
	×	Any lawsuits or other legal pro to: divorce, foreclosure, heirship	ceedings directly or indirectly affecting the Property. (Includes, but is not limited by bankruptcy, and taxes.)
	×	Any death on the Property excepte condition of the Property.	ept for those deaths caused by: natural causes, suicide, or accident unrelated to
	×	Any condition on the Property v	hich materially affects the health or safety of an individual.
	×	hazards such as asbestos, rado	er than routine maintenance, made to the Property to remediate environmentally, lead-based paint, urea-formaldehyde, or mold. Is or other documentation identifying the extent of the remediation (for example on or other remediation).
	X	Any rainwater harvesting syst public water supply as an auxili	em located on the Property that is larger than 500 gallons and that uses a water source.
	Ø	The Property is located in a retailer.	propane gas system service area owned by a propane distribution system
	×	Any portion of the Property that	is located in a groundwater conservation district or a subsidence district.

(TAR-1406) 01-01-16

Initialed by: Buyer: _____, and Se

Concerning the Pro	perty at	SAN MARCOS, TX 78666					
If the answer to any	of the items in S	ection 5 is yes, explain (attach additional sheets if necessary):					
		not attached a survey of the Property.					
regularly provide	inspections and	rs, have you (Seller) received any written inspection reports fr who are either licensed as inspectors or otherwise permitted les, attach copies and complete the following:					
Inspection Date	Туре	Name of Inspector	No. of Pages				
		ly on the above-cited reports as a reflection of the current consolould obtain inspections from inspectors chosen by the buye					
☐ Wildlife Mana	agement	ion(s) which you (Seller) currently claim for the Property: Senior Citizen Disabled Agricultural Disabled Veteran Unknown					
provider? yes	⊠ no	ever filed a claim for damage to the Property with					
insurance claim of	r a settlement oi	er received proceeds for a claim for damage to the Property award in a legal proceeding) and not used the proceeds to mage in the proceeds to make its proceeds to mage in the proceeds to make its proce	ke the repairs for				
	hapter 766 of the	ve working smoke detectors installed in accordance with the e Health and Safety Code?* ⊠unknown ☐ no ☐ yes. If no or					
smoke dete which the dv know the bu	ctors installed in velling is located,	and Safety Code requires one-family or two-family dwellings to ha accordance with the requirements of the building code in effect in including performance, location, and power source requirements. If rements in effect in your area, you may check unknown above or c information.	the area in you do not				
of the buyer evidence of the buyer m specifies the	's family who will the hearing impai nakes a written r e locations for ins	to install smoke detectors for the hearing impaired if: (1) the buyer of reside in the dwelling is hearing-impaired; (2) the buyer gives the set irment from a licensed physician; and (3) within 10 days after the effecture for the seller to install smoke detectors for the hearing-impaired tallation. The parties may agree who will bear the cost of installing smoke detectors to install.	eller written ective date, apaired and				

(TAR-1406) 01-01-16

Initialed by: Buyer: _____

and Selle

Con	cerning the Property ats	SAN MARCOS, TX 78666
Sell	er acknowledges that the statements in this notice are truker(s), has instructed or influenced Seller to provide inacc	e to the best of Seller's belief and that no person, including the urate information or to omit any material information.
3	Mattelieben 1	Donna Whitelers.
Sigr	nature of Seller Date	Signature of Seller Date
Prin	ted Name:	Printed Name:
ADI	DITIONAL NOTICES TO BUYER:	
(1)	registered sex offenders are located in certain zip code	atabase that the public may search, at no cost, to determine if a areas. To search the database, visit www.txdps.state.tx.us . certain areas or neighborhoods, contact the local police
(2)	mean high tide bordering the Gulf of Mexico, the pro Protection Act (Chapter 61 or 63, Natural Resources C	ard of the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway or within 1,000 feet of the perty may be subject to the Open Beaches Act or the Dune Code, respectively) and a beachfront construction certificate or improvements. Contact the local government with ordinance or more information.
(3)	If you are basing your offers on square footage, mindependently measured to verify any reported informat	easurements, or boundaries, you should have those items ion.
(4)	The following providers currently provide service to the	property:
	Electric: PEC	phone #:
	Sewer: Drivate septic	phone #:
	Water: Drubte well Cable: DISH TV	phone #:
	Cable: TISH TV	phone #:
	Trash: IESI	phone #:
	\ 10	
	Property: A	phone #:
	Propane: N/M	phone #:
(5)	as true and correct and have no reason to believe it to AN INSPECTOR OF YOUR CHOICE INSPECT THE PR	
The	undersigned Buyer acknowledges receipt of the foregoin	3 notice.
Sign	ature of Buyer Date	Signature of Buyer Date
Print	ed Name:	Printed Name:

(TAR-1406) 01-01-16



TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®

INFORMATION ABOUT ON-SITE SEWER FACILITY

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A. DESCRIPTION OF ON-SITE SEWER FACILITY ON PROPERTY:	
(1) Type of Treatment System:	Unknown
(2) Type of Distribution System: Sprayhead	Unknown
(3) Approximate Location of Drain Field or Distribution System:	Unknown
(4) Installer: See attatched downer (5) Approximate Age: 14 Was	
B. MAINTENANCE INFORMATION:	orinnowii
(1) Is Seller aware of any maintenance contract in effect for the on-site sewer facility? If yes, name of maintenance contractor: contract expiration date: Maintenance contracts must be in effect to operate aerobic treatment and certain sewer facilities.)	
(2) Approximate date any tanks were last pumped?	
(3) Is Seller aware of any defect or malfunction in the on-site sewer facility? If yes, explain:	Yes No
(4) Does Seller have manufacturer or warranty information available for review? C. PLANNING MATERIALS, PERMITS, AND CONTRACTS:	☐ Yes ☒ No
(1) The following items concerning the on-site sewer facility are attached: planning materials permit for original installation final inspection wher maintenance contract manufacturer information warranty information	OSSF was installed
(2) "Planning materials" are the supporting materials that describe the on-site submitted to the permitting authority in order to obtain a permit to install the on-site	ewer facility that are e sewer facility.
(3) It may be necessary for a buyer to have the permit to operate an or transferred to the buyer.	n-site sewer facility
TAR-1407) 1-7-04 Initialed for Identification by Buyer, and Seller	Page 1 of 2

RE/MAX Real Properties. 160 South River Wimberley, TX 78676 Phone: 512 848 6612 Fax: 512 857 8588

D. INFORMATION FROM GOVERNMENTAL AGENCIES: Pamphlets describing on-site sewer facilities are available from the Texas Agricultural Extension Service. Information in the following table was obtained from Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) on 10/24/2002. The table estimates daily wastewater usage rates. Actual water usage data or other methods for calculating may be used if accurate and acceptable to TCEQ.

<u>Facility</u>	Usage (gal/day) without water- saving devices	Usage (gal/day) with water- saving devices
Single family dwelling (1-2 bedrooms; less than 1,500 sf)	225	180
Single family dwelling (3 bedrooms; less than 2,500 sf)	300	240
Single family dwelling (4 bedrooms; less than 3,500 sf)	375	300
Single family dwelling (5 bedrooms; less than 4,500 sf)	450	360
Single family dwelling (6 bedrooms; less than 5,500 sf)	525	420
Mobile home, condo, or townhouse (1-2 bedroom)	225	180
Mobile home, condo, or townhouse (each add'l bedroom)	75	60

This document is not a substitute for any inspections or warranties. This document was completed to the best of Seller's knowledge and belief on the date signed. Seller and real estate agents are not experts about on-site sewer facilities. Buyer is encouraged to have the on-site sewer facility inspected by an inspector of Buyer's choice.

Signature of Seller PAUL WHITELOCK Receipt acknowledged by:	Date	Signature of Seller DONNA WHITELOCK	Whitelock	Date
Signature of Buyer	Date	Signature of Buyer		Date

AerobiTech Inc. 111 Rivas Rd. San Marcos, TX 78666

Date: 10/26/2015

Phone: (512) 667-4113 Fax: (512) 805-6059

www.SepticWebsite.com / AerobiTech@Gmail.com

To: Paul Whitelock 800 Allison Ln. San Marcos, TX 78666

Contract Period -

Start Date: 10/15/2015 End Date: 10/15/2016

Permit #: 1999-1242

Phone: (512) 627-7749

Subdivision:

Site: 800 Allison Ln., San Marcos, TX 78666

County: Hays

Installer:

Agency: Hays EHD

Mfg/Brand: Hoot Systems Inc. / Hoot

AerobiTech Inc.

3 visits per year - one every 4 months

600 gallons per day

Map Kev:

ID: 253

- 1. System shall be inspected once every four (4) months.
- 2. Maintenance personnel shall visit the property within 48 hours in response to a complaint by the homeowner.
- 3. Homeowner is responsible for maintaining the chlorine level in the system.
- 4. Inspections will be done in a geographical route sequence.
- Items to be inspected include: Aerators, diffusers, filters, pumps, disinfection device, chlorine supply, electrical circuits, distribution systems, drip emitters, alarms.
- Effluent samples: 1 chlorine residual sample each visit, BOD sample annually for commercial systems.
- 7. A copy of the inspection report will be left on site. Another copy will be forwarded to the proper county authorities and a third copy will be kept in the homeowners folder at the main office. Any recommendations for service will be noted on the report.
- 8. This agreement DOES NOT COVER labor for customer ordered service calls.
- 9. This agreement DOES NOT COVER materials or parts which must be replaced due to misuse or abuse of the system. These include but are not limited to: Sewage flows exceeding the recommended daily hydraulic design. Disposal of Non-Biodegradable materials, such as chemicals, grease, or oil, sanitary napkins, tampons, disposable diapers.
- 10. This agreement DOES NOT COVER labor or parts for out of warranty items.
- 11. This agreement DOES NOT COVER tank pumping.
- 12. No work shall be done without prior consent of the owner.
- 13. In no event shall the maintenance company be liable for indirect, consequential, incidental or punitive damages, whether in contract tort or any other theory.

14. Maintenance company is granted an easement to the OSSF and enter the property at reasonable times.

Service Representative Signature	CAA	Date: 10 - 26 - 15
1	Jose Ortega/OS26532/MI	P0000103
Homeowner signature:	Mater	Date: 10-26-15
Email:	Phone:	

1/1



HAYS COUNTY ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH DEPARTMENT PERMIT TO CONSTRUCT AN ON-SITE SEWERAGE FACILITY

PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME: EVANS	JAMES	т.	
911 SITE ADDRESS: 800 Allison Lan		San Margor	(M.I.)
(Number)	(Street/Co_Road)	(City)	(Zip)
LEGAL DESCRIPTION:			
Lot_6 Block Subd			Sec
LAND AREA/ACREAGE: 50.46		[Vol/P	b)
TYPE OF STRUCTURE: Institutional	Residential 5bd/5ba	3123 sq.ft.	gi
SITE EVALUATOR: Greg Johnson		OS#	
AUTHORIZATION IS HEREBY GIVEN TO CONS DESCRIBED PROPERTY WITH THE FOLLOWING	RUCT AN ON-SITE SEXVAC		
CONVENTIONAL SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS:			
Tank capacitygallons.	ump tank capacity		
Design Flow: 360 gpd	,		
Drainfield: Must be one of the following an	d only checked squares ca	in be used	
Coll shaperships			
Soll absorption excavation Evapotranspiration beds:	# of heds v	50 ft	sq. ft
Evapore is piration beas.	= # Of Deas X	sq. it. =	sq. rt
ALTERNATIVE SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS:			×
Designer's Name: <u>Johnson</u>	Grea	ea Nos 6751	27
(Last) Date plans approved1-26-00 by	(First)		
Refer to the designer's plans for system specific			=
Plans Dated: 1-6-00			
Contact Health Department and designe			
A maintenance contract is required for the : tr			
	sposal system X		
	,		
SPECIA	L REQUIREMENTS		
Personal Services			;
-			
-			
NOTE: The on-site sewage facility construction relates for On-Site Sewage Facilities. If unforesees but not limited to excessive rock, seepage, or hing Authority. A revised construction permit ma	n and/or adverse conditio oh water tablel stop const	ns are encounter	ed lincluding
IGNED: MANON POPE, R.S.	Date: 176	2000.	0.40=
GIVED. FORMING COME, NO.	vate: _/ _/ value		9425 12-8-00

*THIS PERMIT EXPIRES ONE (1) YEAR FROM APPLICATION DATE.

*THIS PERMIT IS NON-TRANSFERABLE.



Hays County Environmental Health 1251 CIVIC CENTER LOOP SAN MARCOS, TEXAS 78666 512/393-2150

TO WHOM IT MAY	CONCERN:		
PROPERTY LOCAT	FION:800 Allis	on Lane	DATE5-12-00
SUBDIVISION:	Trails End		
LOT:_6	BLOCK:		SECTION:
County Health Depa		e with the Rules	
fabrication of the privinstaller of the facility agencies, as to the cowner's individual sp	y any warranty by or r quality or durability the	o as to express o ights against Hay e facility nor com irements but sole	or imply to the owner or ys County or any of its pliance with the ely relates to the facility
	sful operation. Routin		this facility; it does not and proper functioning
	al remains in effect un erating properly and m County.		
sodded grass or gras	I should not be altered ss seeded cover to pro t in good repair to min	omote evaporation	on. All plumbing in the f the drainfield.
		Tom Pope R.S	
		Sanitarian	Reg. #

Hays County Environmental Health

1251 CIVIC CENTER LOOP SAN MARCOS, TEXAS 78666 512/393-2150

LICENSE TO OPERATE AN ON-SITE SEWERAGE FACILITY

This is to certify that this on-site sewerage facility:			
PROPERTY OWNER: JAMES T. EVANS			
Address: 800 Allison Lane San Marcos, TX. 78666	Permit No.:	9425 Trails En	Sec.
Land Area/Acreage:	Lot: 6	_ Block:	Sec:
X Residential - Living area: 3123 sq ft	# of bedroo	ms 5	=:
Institutional - Typesq ft			
*Daily water usage by design: gal	S		
meets the basic minimum regulatory requirement	s established b	y this departn	nent.
permission to operate this facility; it does not guarant and proper functioning are the sole responsibility KEEP THIS LICENSE with other house paper if a malfunction occurs.	ntee its successforth	ul operation. I	Routine maintenance
THIS LICENSE REMAINS in effect until suc operating properly, is altered, an increase in the vol being treated, a threat to the health of the people Licensing Authority determines to be a reason to reason.	ume of or chan e of Hays Coun	ige in the natu ty, or any oth	ire of the wastewater
NOTE: The specified backfill should not be grass or grass seeded cover to promote transpirati good repair to minimize flooding of the drainfiel should minimize water usage to assure proper fur pumped every 2 to 3 years to prevent solids build-	on. All plumbi d. During per actioning of sys	ng in the hou riods of heav stem. The sep	use should be kept in y rainfall, the owner
DATE OF CONSTRUCTION: DATE OF CERTIFICATION: 5-12-00		0	<i>5 C</i>
SANITARIAN PODLIKS,	DIRECTOR	Clila 21	- Kalolu

AEROBIC TREATMENT PLANT

DESIGNED FOR:
James T. Evans
c/o Comal Septic Systems
P.O. Box 91

Fischer, TX 78623

JAN 19 2000

SITE DESCRIPTION:

Located in Trails Enc Ranch, Lot 6 at 800 Allison Lane, this system will serve a five bedroom residence (3123 sf.). Soils have a high clay content. An aerobic treatment plant with spray irrigation will serve these conditions.

PROPOSED SYSTEM:

A 3 inch SCH-40 pipe discharges from the residence to a Hoot H-500-AT,CP 500 g.p.d. aerobic treatment plant containing a 400 gal. pretreatment chamber and a 1010 gal. pump chamber. The effluent after processing, is treated by an in-line tablet chlorinator prior to gravity feeding into the pump chamber. (Chlorinator has sufficient tablet capacity for four months.) The pump chamber contains a 0.5 HP Blaster Model 12-EB filtered effluent pump. A bypass valve in the pump chamber will maintain manifold pressure at a maximum of 40 psi to prevent aerosols and relieve excess pressure and volume and also serve as a sampling point during routine maintenance. Distribution is through a 100 mesh filter, then through a series of low angle (12 deg.) pop-up sprinkler heads, each spraying as per the attached schematic. Spray area will be maintained with vegetation.

SYSTEM COMPONENTS:

3" Sch-40 sewer line

Two way cleanout

HOOT 500 AT, CP 500 g.p.d. Aerobic Treatment Plant (TNRCC Approved)

w/ tablet chlorinator

Pump: Blaster 0.5 HP Submersible Pump or equivalent.

K-Rain K-2 + Professional Series pop-up rotary sprinkler heads w/ purple non-potable water lids.

100 mesh in-line filter

1" SCH-40 PVC discharge manifold.

Alarms: Audible & visual high water level alarm & air pump malfunction alarm

INSPECTIONS:

In addition to the inspections required by Hays County the system shall be inspected by the design engineer when the tanks, manifold lines, and sprinklers are installed and when the system is operational. An inspection report will be submitted to Hays County and an as-built drawing if necessary.

Designed in accordance with Chapter 285, Subchapter D, §285.30 & §285.40 pertaining to the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, Texas Natural Resources Conservation Commission (Effective February 4, 1997).

Greg W. Johnson P.E. No. 67587

170 Hollow Oak

New Braumels, Texas 78132

830/905-2778

OSSF SOIL EVALUATION REPORT INFORMATION

Date: 1/6/2000	
Applicant Information:	Site Evaluator Information:
Name:JAMES T. EVANS	Name: Greg W. Johnson, P.E., R.S., S.E. 4042
Address: 800 ALLISON LANE	Address: 170 Hollow Oak
City: SAN MARCOS State: TEXAS	City: New Braunfels State: Texas
Zip Code: <u>78667</u> Phone: <u>(512)757-3656</u>	Zip Code: 78132 Phone & Fax (830)905-2778
Dyonayty Lagation	Installer Information:
Property Location: Lot _6 Unit Blk SubdTRAILS END RANC	
Street Address: 800 ALLISON LANE	Company:
City: SAN MARCOS Zip Code: 78667	Address:
Additional Info.:	
Additional Info	Zip Code: Phone
Topography: Slope within proposed disposal area:	
Presence of 100 yr. Flood Zone:	YES NO_X_
Existing or proposed water well in nearby area.	YES X NO>100'
Presence of adjacent ponds, streams, water impoundments	YES NO_X
Presence of upper water shed	YESNO_X
Organized sewage service available to lot	YES NO X
Organized sewage service available to lot	1101\(\text{\cdot}\)_X
Design Calculations for Aerobic Treatment with Spr	av Irrigation:
Commercial	ay III gattoni
Q = GPD	
Residential Water conserving fixtures to be utilized?	Van V No
Number of Deducement the centic system is sixed for	Total og ft living aven 2122
Number of Bedrooms the septic system is sized for:	5 Total sq. it. fiving area 5125
Q gal/day = $(Bedrooms + 1) * 75 GPD - (20\% reduction)$	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Q = (5 + 1) * 75 - (20 %) = 360	=
Trash Tank Size 400 Gal.	G D D
TNRCC Approved Aerobic Plant Size500	_ G.P.D.
Application rate Ri= 0.064 gal./sf.	
Req'd Application Area = Q/Ri =	
Application Area Utilized = 6271 sq	. ft.
Pressure loss in 1" Sch-40 pipe= P.L.	
P.L.= $[1.2(4.57)/100]*147 + [1.2(2.14)/100]*100]*$	
Low Angle Nozzle Size: Use <u>#3</u> Discharging at <u>3.</u>	1 Gpm @ 40 Psi & 30' Spray radius
Pump Requirement <u>12</u> Gpm @ <u>43</u> Psi (Red	ljacket 0.5 HP 18 G.P.M series or equivalent)
Dosing Cycle: ON DEMAND orX TII	MED TO DOSE IN PREDAWN HOURS
Dosing Cycle: ON DEMAND or X TII Pump Tank Size = 1010 Gal. 52	Gal/inch.
Reserve Requirement = <u>360</u> Gal. / 19.5 G	$fal/in. = \underline{18.5}$ inches in tank
On/Off Pump Tether Adjustment = 360 Gal. /	19.5 Gal/in. = 18.5 inches in tank
On/Off Pump Tether Adjustment = 360 Gal. /_ Sump Volume below pump suction 290 Gal. /_	19.3 Gal/in. = 15 inches in tank
HAVE PERFORMED A THOROUGH INVESTIGATION	BEING A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
AND SITE EVALUATOR IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHA	PTER 285, SUBCHAPTER D, §285.30, & §285.40
REGARDING RECHARGE FEATURES), TEXAS NATUF	
EFFECTIVE FEBRUARY 4, 1997).	Will OF TEX
h N-4	A Source Sales Control of the sales of the s
11/	COPEO M. LOUISIONE
GREG V. JOHNSON, P.E. 67587 - S.E. 4042	GREG W. JOHNSON
GREG W. JOHNSON, P.E. 67587 - S.E. 4042	DATE 67587
-0	Be conserved of the second
	ONAL

ON-SITE SEWERAGE FACILITY SOIL EVALUATION REPORT INFORMATION

Site Location:TRAILS END RANCH; 800 ALLISON LANE	
Proposed Excavation Depth: N/A	
Requirements: At least two soil excavations must be performed on the site, at opposite ends of the proposed disposal are Locations of soil boring or dug pits must be shown on the site drawing. For subsurface disposal, soil evaluations must be performed to a depth of at least two feet below the proposed excavation depth. For surface disposal, the surface horizon must be evaluated.	a.

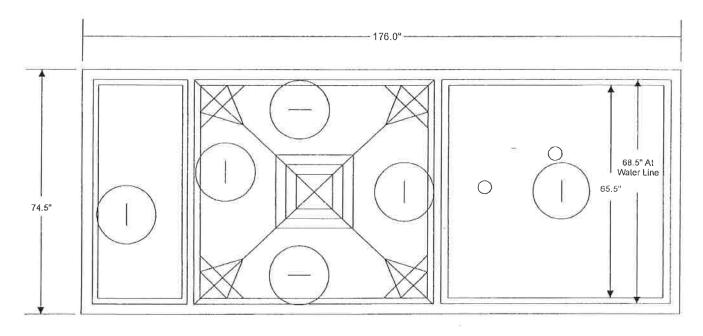
Date Soil Survey Performed: 1/4/2000

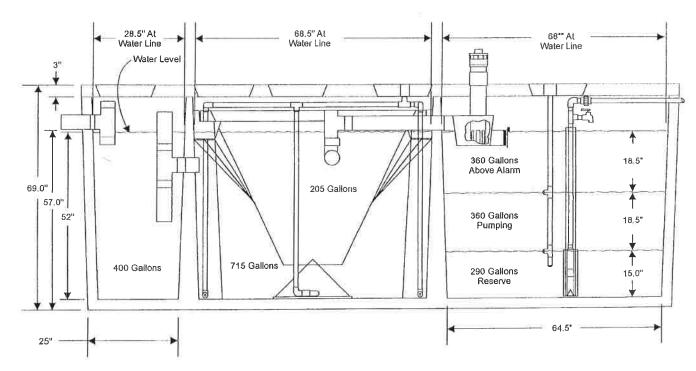
Describe each soil horizon and identify any restrictive features on the form. Indicate depths were features appear,

SOIL BORING	SOIL BORING NUMBER SURFACE EVALUATION					
Depth (Feet)	Texture Class	Soil Texture	Structure (For Class III- blocky, platy or massive	Drainage (Mottles/ Water Table)	Restrictive Horizon	Observations
0 1 — TO 14" 2 — 3 — 4 — 5 —	TYPE IV	CLAY	N/A	NONE OBSERVED	L.S. @ 14"	Brown Clay over weak weathered L.S.

SOIL BORING NUMBER 2						
Depth (Feet)	Texture Class	Soil Texture	Structure (For Class III- blocky, platy or massive	Drainage (Mottles/ Water Table)	Restrictive Horizon	Observations
0	SAME	AS	ABOVE			

500 GPD NIGHT PUMPING SYSTEM H-500 AT,CP





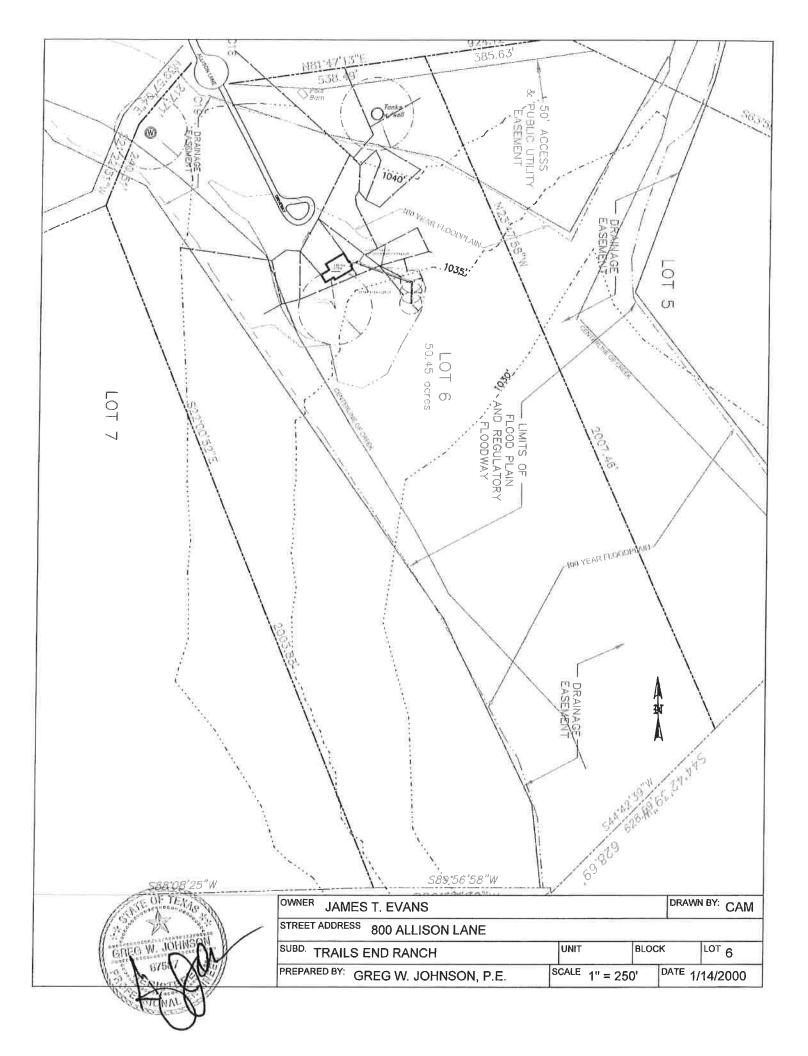
2.229' Avg. Length 5.600' Avg. Width 4.333' Depth 5.521" Avg. Length 5,600' Avg. Width 4,333' Depth

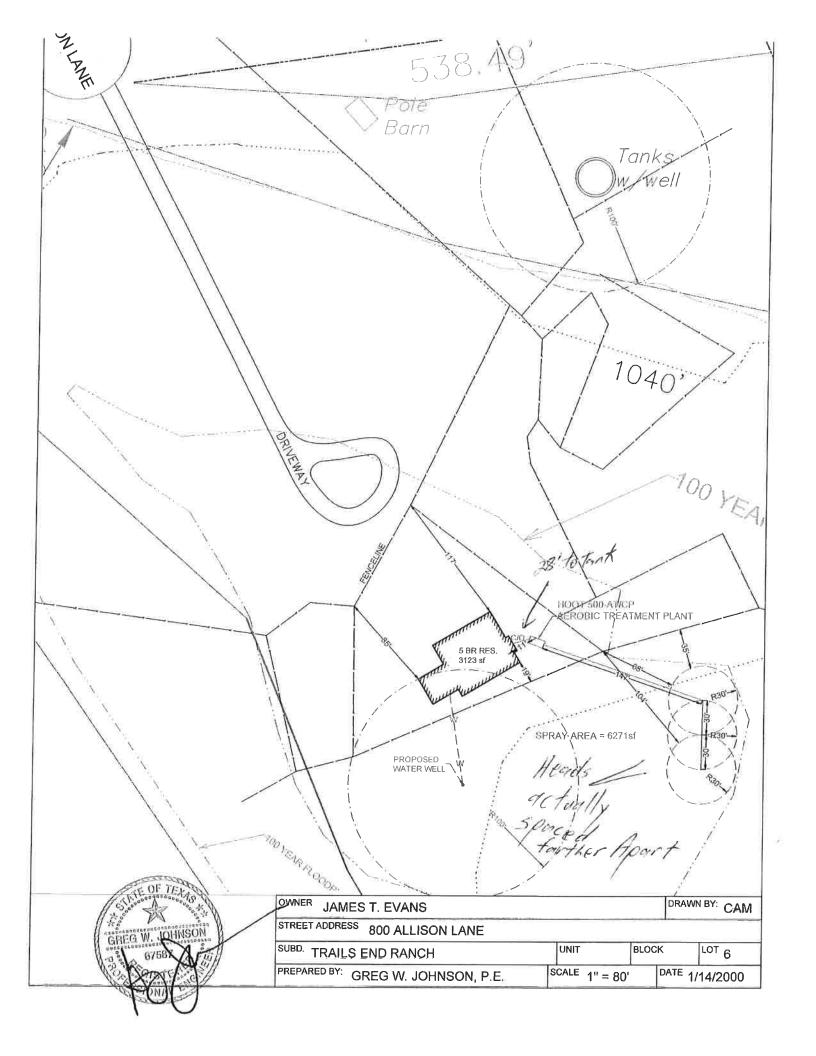
1010 Gallons 290 Gallons Remaining In Tank

720 Gallons Holding Capacity

6/08/99

Rev. 03





HAYS COUNTY ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

1251 CIVIC CENTER LOOP SAN MARCOS, TEXAS 78666 512/393-2150

HAYS COUNTY CLASS "A" BUILDING/DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

This Permit #FPA_	1566	$_{}$, is issued on $_{}$	December	14	
to <u>JAMES T.</u>	EVANS			and is no	t transferable.
		wing development:: 23 sq.ft. singl		idence.	
This permit author	izes this deve	elopment at the follo	wing property:		
SITE ADDRESS:	800 A1	lison Lane			
SUBDIVISION;					
LOT:6		BLOCK:		SECTION:	
WARNING: The Hays County F proposed develop greater floods can cannot guarantee Regulations does r	loodplain ma ments are co and will occu that your pr not create ar	ensidered reasonable or and flood heights r operty will not flood	lata used by the C and accurate for nay be increased . Exempting you t of Hays County	County in eval r regulatory p by man-made I from the Flo	luating flood hazards to ourposes. On occasion e or natural causes. We ood Plain Management er or employee of Hays
Acknowledgmen County Official			Date Date	3-99 1-99	
County Official			Date		

FORM 2/99



TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®

GENERAL INFORMATION AND NOTICE TO A BUYER

USE OF THIS FORM BY PERSONS WHO ARE NOT MEMBERS OF THE TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® IS NOT AUTHORIZED,

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Be an informed buyer. Make sure that the property you want to purchase meets your needs. The following information may assist you during your purchase.

ANNEXATION. If the property you buy is outside the limits of a municipality, you should be aware that the property may later be annexed by a nearby municipality. You may find information on the boundaries of nearby municipalities by contacting the municipalities directly.

APPRAISAL. An appraisal is a valuation of the property. An appraiser renders an estimate of value as of a certain date under assumptions and conditions stated in the appraisal report. Typically, a buyer's lender requires an appraisal to verify that the loan is secured by property that is worth a certain amount. An appraisal is not the same as an inspection.

BROKERS. A real estate broker *represents* a party (buyer or seller) in a real estate transaction or may act as an intermediary between the parties. You may work with the broker or with one of the broker's agents. You will be provided a form titled "Information About Brokerage Services" (TAR 2501) which defines agency relationships. The agent may help you locate a property and is obligated to *negotiate* the transaction. The agent may assist you in gathering information and may coordinate many details in the transaction. Brokers and agents are not inspectors. They do not possess the expertise to conduct inspections and therefore do not make any representations, warranties, or guarantees about a property's condition. Agents are not attorneys. You are encouraged to seek the assistance of an attorney to help you understand any of the legal consequences and provisions of your contract or transaction.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERNS.

General. Over the years the market has identified environmental conditions that buyers should know may exist. Environmental hazards include, but are not limited to, conditions such as: asbestos, lead-based paint, mold, pesticides, radon gas, toxic waste, underground storage tanks, urea-formaldehyde insulation, and other pollutants. Wetlands or endangered species on the property may restrict the use of the property.

Environmental Inspections. If you are concerned that environmental hazards, wetlands, or endangered species may be present on the property you wish to buy, you should hire a qualified expert to inspect the property for such items. You may include a promulgated addendum (TAR 1917) in your contract that may address such matters.

Lead-Based Paint. If you buy a property that was built before 1978, federal law requires that you be provided with: (1) the pamphlet titled "Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home" (TAR 2511); (2) the records and reports the seller has concerning lead-based paint or hazards; and (3) an opportunity to have the property inspected for lead-based paint or hazards.

Mold. It is not uncommon to find mold spores in a property. The concern about mold increases when there are large amounts of mold found in a property. The Texas Department of Insurance publishes a document titled "Protect Your Home from Mold" (TAR 2507) which discusses mold in more detail.

Oak Wilt and Diseased Trees. There are diseases such as oak wilt and other conditions that may affect trees and other plants. Oak wilt is a fungus that affects certain oak trees. If you are concerned about such matters, have the trees and other plants inspected by a professional of your choice.

Noise. Properties around the property you may buy are used for a variety of purposes. Some of the uses cause noise (for example, airports, railways, highways, restaurants, bars, schools, arenas and construction). You are encouraged to drive to review the area around any property in which you are interested at various times and days.

(TAR-1506) 01-01-16 Page 1 of 4

General	Information	and	Notices	to a	Buver
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EXPANSIVE SOILS. Soil conditions vary greatly throughout Texas. Many soils will move; some more than others. This movement will, many times, affect the foundation of homes and buildings and may cause cracks to appear in walls or other parts of the building. Additionally, if you buy a property that is newly constructed, the concrete curing process may also cause the foundation of the building to move. Seasonal changes in the moisture in the soil may also cause foundations to move. Check with your inspector and other experts on preventive methods that you can follow to minimize the risk of such movement.

FLOOD HAZARD, FLOODWAYS, AND FLOOD INSURANCE. Many properties are in flood hazard areas. Lenders who make loans on properties located in special flood hazard areas typically require the owner to maintain flood insurance. Additionally, some properties may lie in the floodway. The Texas Association of REALTORS® publishes a form titled, "Information about Special Flood Hazard Areas" (TAR 1414), which discusses flood hazard areas and floodways in more detail. You are encouraged to buy flood insurance regardless of whether the property is in a high, moderate, or low risk flood area.

HISTORIC OR CONSERVATION DISTRICTS. Properties located in historic or conservation districts may have restrictions on use and architecture of the properties. Local governments may create historic or conservation districts for the preservation of certain architectural appeal. A property owner may or may not be aware if the property is located in such a district. If you are concerned whether the property you wish to buy is located in such a district, contact the local government for specific information.

INSPECTION, REPAIRS, & WALK-THROUGH.

Inspections. You are encouraged to have the property you want to buy inspected by licensed inspectors of your choice. You should have the inspections completed during any option period. You should accompany the inspectors during the inspections and ask the inspectors any questions. Brokers and agents do not posses any special skills, knowledge or expertise concerning inspections or repairs. If you request names of inspectors or repair professionals from your agent, you should note that the agent is not making any representation or warranty as to the ability or workmanship of the inspector or repair professionals.

Repairs. You and the seller should resolve, in writing, any obligation and any timing of the obligation to complete repairs you may request before the option period expires.

Walk-Through. Before you close the sale, you should walk through the property and verify that any repairs are complete. If the condition of the property does not satisfy the contractual provisions, notify your agent before you close.

MANDATORY OWNERS' ASSOCIATIONS. The property you buy may require you to be a member in one or more owners' associations. You may obtain subdivision information (the restrictions applying to the subdivision, the bylaws and rules of the owners' association, and a resale certificate). You may be required to pay for the subdivision information unless you negotiate otherwise in the contract. If membership in an owners' association is required, you will probably be obligated to pay periodic dues or assessments. Failure to pay such dues could result in a lien on and foreclosure of the property.

MINERAL INTERESTS. Determining who owns the mineral interests under a property (for example, rights to oil and gas interests) normally requires an expert to review the chain of title to the property. Many times the mineral interests may have been severed from the property and may be owned by persons other than the seller. Contract forms commonly used in Texas provide that the seller's interest, if any, in the mineral interests convey to the buyer as part of the property. However, a seller may wish to retain all or a part of the mineral interests. The Texas Association of REALTORS® publishes a form titled "Information about Mineral Clauses in Contract Forms": (TAR No. 2509) which discusses this issue in more detail.

MULTIPLE LISTING SERVICE. The Multiple Listing Service (MLS) is a database and cooperative tool between brokers. Agents who use the MLS must comply with the MLS's rules. The listing agent is required to timely report the current status of a listing, including when the property is sold or leased or is no longer available, as well as the sales price. Subscribers (other brokers, agents, appraisers, other real estate professionals, and the appraisal districts) have access to the information for market evaluation purposes. Much of the information in the MLS, such as square footage, assessed value, taxes, school boundaries, and year built is obtained from different sources such as the county appraisal district, an appraiser, or builder. The broker or agent who provides you with information from the MLS does not verify the accuracy of the information. You should independently verify the information in the MLS and not rely on the information.

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General Information	and Notices	to a Buver
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POSSESSION. Most contracts provide that the seller will deliver possession of the property to the buyer at the time the sale *closes and funds or according to a temporary residential lease or other written lease required by the parties.* There may be a short delay between closing and actual funding; especially if the buyer is obtaining funds from a lender. You may need to verify with the lender if the loan will fund on the day of closing. You should also take this potential delay into account when planning your move into the property. Any possession by the buyer before the sale closes and funds (or by the seller after the sale closes and funds) must be authorized by a written lease.

PROPERTY INSURANCE. Promptly after entering into a contract to buy a property and before any option period expires, contact your insurance agent to determine the availability and affordability of insurance for the property. There are numerous variables that an insurance company will evaluate when offering insurance at certain coverage levels and at certain prices. Most lenders require that the property be insured in an amount not less than the loan amount. The failure to obtain property insurance before closing may delay the transaction or cause it to end. The Texas Association of REALTORS® publishes a document titled, "Information about Property Insurance for a Buyer or Seller" (TAR 2508), which discusses property insurance in more detail.

RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACTS. A residential service contract is a product under which a residential service company, for an annual fee, agrees to repair or replace certain equipment or items in a property (for example, covered appliances, air conditioning and heating systems, and plumbing systems). Co-payments typically apply to most service calls. If you request names of residential service companies from your agent, you should note that the agent is not making any representation or warranty about the service company.

SCHOOL BOUNDARIES. School boundaries may change and are, at times, difficult to determine. The school boundaries that your agent may provide to you or that may be provided through a Multiple Listing Service are only mapped estimates from other sources. You are encouraged to verify with the school district which schools residents in the property will attend.

SEPTIC TANKS AND ON-SITE SEWER FACILITIES. Many properties have septic tanks or other on-site sewer facilities. There are several types of such systems. Special maintenance requirements may apply to certain systems. Please refer to a document titled, "Information about On-Site Sewer Facility" (TAR 1407) for more information. You should also determine if the county requires any registration or other action in order for you to begin using the septic system or on-site sewer facility.

SEX OFFENDERS AND CRIMINAL ACTIVITY. If you are concerned about sex offenders who may reside in the area in which you are buying, access www.txdps.state.tx.us. Contact the local police department to obtain information about any criminal activity in the area.

SQUARE FOOTAGE. If you base your purchase price on the size of the property's building and structures, you should have any information you receive about the square footage independently verified. Square footage information comes from other sources such as appraisal districts, appraisers, and builders. Such information is only an estimate. The actual square footage may vary.

STATUTORY TAX DISTRICTS. The property you buy may be located in a utility or other statutorily created district providing water, sewer, drainage, or flood control facilities and services (for example a Municipal Utility District, Water Improvement District, or a Public Improvement District). You are likely to receive a prescribed notice when buying property in such a district.

SURVEY. A survey identifies the location of boundaries, major improvements, fence lines, drives, encroachments, easements, and other items on the property. You should obtain a survey early enough in the transaction to help you identify any encroachments, encumbrances to title, or restrictions. Your contract will typically contain a provision under which you may obtain or be provided with a survey and the right to object to encumbrances to title disclosed in the survey.

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General Information and Notices to a Buyer	
placed on some properties in the recent past. If the cause damage to the structure (such as wood rot ar	s known as EIFS) is an exterior siding product that was product was not properly installed, it has been known to not moisture). If the property you wish to buy has syntheticing and ask your inspector any questions you may have.
date. Property taxes are due and payable at the end closing, the taxes for the current year. If the seller agricultural, or over-65 exemption), such exemptions may increase because the exemptions may no longer may be prorated based on the land value only and	agree to prorate a property's taxes through the closing of each calendar year. The escrow agent will estimate, at is qualified for tax exemptions (for example, homestead, may or may not apply after closing. After closing the taxes apply. When buying new construction, the taxes at closing will later increase when the appraisal district includes the the taxes, at the end of the year and in subsequent years
unrestricted right to terminate the contract. Most be required to pay for the termination option in advance. of their reviews, inspections, and other due diligence time period under the option. The option period is not repairs or an amendment. If you want to extend the	ain an option clause which provides the buyer with an uyers choose to buy the termination option. You will be The option fee is negotiable. Most buyers will conduct many during the option period. You must strictly comply with the ot suspended or extended if you and the seller negotiate option period you must negotiate an extension separately, see for the extension. Do not rely on any oral extensions.
notice titled, "Addendum for Coastal Area Notice" (T	of the state's tidal waters, you will be given a prescribed AR 1915) at the time you sign a contract. Boundaries of restrictions will apply. If the property is located seaward of notice (TAR 1916).
TITLE INSURANCE OR ABSTRACT OF TITLE. You of title covering the property examined by your attorned commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorned to the commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorned to the commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorned to the commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorned to the commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorned to the commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorned to the commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorned to the commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorned to the commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorned to the commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorned to the commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorned to the commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorned to the commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorned to the commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorned to the commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorned to the commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorned to the commitment of title insurance reviewed by your attorned to the commitment of the commitment o	should obtain a title insurance policy or have an abstract y. If you obtain a title insurance policy, you should have the ey not later than the time required under your contract.
UTILITIES. You should evaluate what utilities you wi the area suit your needs. Some structures may or ma modern appliances or equipment.	Il require and check to be sure that the utilities available in by not have utilities and electrical facilities to support many
reservoir, or other impoundment of water with a st	es notice to a buyer of a property that adjoins a lake, orage capacity of at least 5,000 acre-feet at its normal can find a list of lakes and reservoirs with at least 5,000 nanac.com/topics/environment/lakes-and-reservoirs.
WATER WELLS. If the property you buy has a wate equipment inspected and water tested. You should als action in order for you to begin using the water well.	er well, you should have, and the lender may require, the so determine if the county requires any registration or other
OTHER.	
his form was provided by:	By signing below I acknowledge that I received, read, and understand this information and notice.

Date

Date

Page 4 of 4

Broker's Associate's Signature

By:_

Broker's Printed Name

Date

Buyer

Buyer



ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT, THREATENED OR ENDANGERED SPECIES, AND WETLANDS ADDENDUM

TO CONTRACT CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT

800 ALLISON LANE, SAN MARCOS, TX 78666 (Address of Property) X A. ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT: Buyer, at Buyer's expense, may obtain an environmental assessment report prepared by an environmental specialist. X THREATENED OR ENDANGERED SPECIES: Buyer, at Buyer's expense, may obtain a report from a natural resources professional to determine if there are any threatened or endangered species or their habitats as defined by the Texas Parks and Wildlife Department or the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. X C. WETLANDS: Buyer, at Buyer's expense, may obtain a report from an environmental specialist to determine if there are wetlands, as defined by federal or state law or regulation. days after the effective date of the contract, Buyer may terminate the contract by furnishing Seller a copy of any report noted above that adversely affects the use of the Property and a notice of termination of the contract. Upon termination, the earnest money will be refunded to Buyer. Seller PAUL WHITELOCK Buyer

This form has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission for use with similarly approved or promulgated contract forms. Such approval relates to this form only. TREC forms are intended for use only by trained real estate licensees. No representation is made as to the legal validity or adequacy of any provision in any specific transactions. It is not suitable for complex transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, 512-936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov) TREC No. 28-2. This form replaces TREC No. 28-1.

Seller DONNA WHITELOCK

Buyer



TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS® INFORMATION ABOUT SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS

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	800 ALLISON LANE	
CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT	SAN MARCOS, TX 78666	

A. FLOOD AREAS:

- (1) The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designates areas that have a high risk of flooding as special flood hazard areas.
- (2) A property that is in a special flood hazard area lies in a "V-Zone" or "A-Zone" as noted on flood insurance rate maps. Both V-Zone and A-Zone areas are areas with high risk of flooding.
- (3) Some properties may also lie in the "floodway" which is the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge a flood under FEMA rules. Communities must regulate development in these floodways.

B. AVAILABILITY OF FLOOD INSURANCE:

- (1) Generally, flood insurance is available regardless of whether the property is located in or out of a special flood hazard area. Contact your insurance agent to determine if any limitations or restrictions apply to the property in which you are interested.
- (2) FEMA encourages every property owner to purchase flood insurance regardless of whether the property is in a high, moderate, or low risk flood area.
- (3) A homeowner may obtain flood insurance coverage (up to certain limits) through the National Flood Insurance Program. Supplemental coverage is available through private insurance carriers.
- (4) A mortgage lender making a federally related mortgage will require the borrower to maintain flood insurance if the property is in a special flood hazard area.

C. GROUND FLOOR REQUIREMENTS:

- (1) Many homes in special flood hazard areas are built-up or are elevated. In elevated homes the ground floor typically lies below the base flood elevation and the first floor is elevated on piers, columns, posts, or piles. The base flood elevation is the highest level at which a flood is likely to occur as shown on flood insurance rate maps.
- (2) Federal, state, county, and city regulations:
 - (a) restrict the use and construction of any ground floor enclosures in elevated homes that are in special flood hazard areas.
 - (b) may prohibit or restrict the remodeling, rebuilding, and redevelopment of property and improvements in the floodway.
- (3) The first floor of all homes must now be built above the base flood elevation.
 - (a) Older homes may have been built in compliance with applicable regulations at the time of construction and may have first floors that lie below the base flood elevation, but flood insurance rates for such homes may be significant.

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- (b) It is possible that modifications were made to a ground floor enclosure after a home was first built. The modifications may or may not comply with applicable regulations and may or may not affect flood insurance rates.
- (c) It is important for a buyer to determine if the first floor of a home is elevated at or above the base flood elevation. It is also important for a buyer to determine if the property lies in a floodway.
- (4) Ground floor enclosures that lie below the base flood elevation may be used only for: (i) parking; (ii) storage; and (iii) building access. Plumbing, mechanical, or electrical items in ground floor enclosures that lie below the base flood elevation may be prohibited or restricted and may not be eligible for flood insurance coverage. Additionally:
 - (a) in A-Zones, the ground floor enclosures below the base flood elevation must have flow-through vents or openings that permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters;
 - (b) in V-Zones, the ground floor enclosures must have break-away walls, screening, or lattice walls; and
 - (c) in floodways, the remodeling or reconstruction of any improvements may be prohibited or otherwise restricted.

D. COMPLIANCE:

- (1) The above-referenced property may or may not comply with regulations affecting ground floor enclosures below the base flood elevation.
- (2) A property owner's eligibility to purchase or maintain flood insurance, as well as the cost of the flood insurance, is dependent on whether the property complies with the regulations affecting ground floor enclosures.
- (3) A purchaser or property owner may be required to remove or modify a ground floor enclosure that is not in compliance with city or county building requirements or is not entitled to an exemption from such requirements.
- (4) A flood insurance policy maintained by the current property owner does not mean that the property is in compliance with the regulations affecting ground floor enclosures or that the buyer will be able to continue to maintain flood insurance at the same rate.
- (5) Insurance carriers calculate the cost of flood insurance using a rate that is based on the elevation of the lowest floor.
 - (a) If the ground floor lies below the base flood elevation and does not meet federal, state, county, and city requirements, the ground floor will be the lowest floor for the purpose of computing the rate.
 - (b) If the property is in compliance, the first elevated floor will be the lowest floor and the insurance rate will be significantly less than the rate for a property that is not in compliance.
 - (c) If the property lies in a V-Zone the flood insurance rate will be impacted if a ground floor enclosure below the base flood elevation exceeds 299 square feet (even if constructed with break-away walls).

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E. ELEVATION CERTIFICATE:

The elevation certificate is an important tool in determining flood insurance rates. It is used to provide elevation information that is necessary to ensure compliance with floodplain management laws. To determine the proper insurance premium rate, insurers rely on an elevation certificate to certify building elevations at an acceptable level above flood map levels. If available in your area, it is recommended that you obtain an elevation certificate for the property as soon as possible to accurately determine future flood insurance rates.

You are encouraged to: (1) inspect the property for all purposes, including compliance with any ground floor enclosure requirement; (2) review the flood insurance policy (costs and coverage) with your insurance agent; and (3) contact the building permitting authority if you have any questions about building requirements or compliance issues.

Receipt acknowledged by:			
Signature	Date	Signature	Date



PROTECTING YOUR HOME FROM MOLD

JUNE 2002

Mold growth problems can adversely affect many homeowners in Texas. Homeowners who act quickly and appropriately can prevent or correct conditions that may cause mold growth. The Texas Department of Health (TDH) and Texas Department of Insurance (TDI) prepared this publication to help you understand the concerns related to mold growth and to provide some effective steps you can take to help prevent mold growth. The following information will help protect your investment in your home and may prevent the possibility of health risks due to mold exposure.

If you are a renter, you should contact your landlord or property manager immediately when you have a maintenance need related to water damage.

WHAT ARE MOLDS?

Molds are microscopic organisms commonly found both indoors and outdoors. Molds, along with mushrooms and yeast, are known scientifically as fungi. Their purpose in nature is to break down dead material and recycle nutrients in the environment. For molds to grow and reproduce, they need a food source - any For molds to grow and reproduce, they need a food source - any organic material, such as leaves, wood, paper, or dirt - and moisture. Since molds grow by "eating" the organic material, they gradually destroy whatever they are feeding on. Mold growth on surfaces can often be seen as a colored spot, frequently green, gray, brown, black or white. It commonly appears as a powdery, fuzzy, or hair-like material. Actively growing molds typically produce odors, sometimes described as earthy or moldy, or like mildew, old dirty socks, or ammonia. Molds release thousands of microscopic spores, which are lightweight, easily airborne and carried by air currents to surrounding areas. The spores must have both food and moisture to actually start growing, similar to plant seeds. moisture to actually start growing, similar to plant seeds.

WHAT DO I DO IF A LEAK OCCURS?

Whether or not the water damage may be covered by your insurance policy, it is important to act quickly to prevent further damage to your home.

- Immediately stop the source of leak or flooding.
- Remove excess water with mops or a wet vacuum. If the damage is significant, consider contacting a water extraction
- company for immediate action. Whenever possible, move wet items to a secure, dry and
- well-ventilated area or outside to expedite drying.

 Protect repairable and undamaged items from further damage.
- Move rugs and pull up areas of wet carpet as soon as possible.
 Increase circulation in and around wet areas by opening
- closet and cabinet doors, moving furniture away from walls and running fans.
- If necessary, remove wallboard and flooring materials to dry out those areas.
- Don't throw away removed or damaged materials until instructed by your insurance company.

 Dry any damp or wet building materials and furnishings within 24-48 hours.
- Keep all receipts, photos and other relevant documents.
- Contact your insurance company, if applicable.

NOTE: The sooner the affected areas dry out and the source of the leak is repaired, the better your chances of minimizing damage to your property. If the water cannot be removed and the area dried promptly and efficiently, consider contacting a water extraction company for immediate action.

RESOURCES

For additional information, consult the mold and/or indoor air quality resources at the following:

Texas Department of Health www.tdh.state.tx.us/beh/iag/ 1-800-572-5548

U.S. Environmental www.epa.gov/iag/ 1-800-438-4318

Texas Department of Insurance www.tdi.state.tx.us/commish/mold.html 1-800-252-3439

Protection Agency

WHY ARE MOLDS A CONCERN?

Damage to the Home

It is common to find mold spores in the air inside homes, and on most surfaces including clothes, walls, and furniture. Most of the time mold spores found indoors come from outdoor sources. Routine cleaning of your home and furnishings helps keep these levels low. Cleaning small areas of visible mold, such as mold that may occur around your shower, is necessary to prevent unsanitary conditions.

The level of concern greatly increases when there are large amounts of active mold growth in your home. Large-scale mold problems are most likely to occur when there has been an on-going water leak, a flood, or very high levels of humidity in the home. Indoor mold growth may cause very high levels of airborne mold spores, which, in turn, may cause the spread of mold growth from the original source to other areas of the home where high moisture levels exist. Extensive mold growth can where high moisture levels exist. Extensive mold growth can damage your home and belongings, such as carpets, sofas and cabinets. In time, unchecked mold growth can cause damage to the structural elements in your home. While there is no practical way to eliminate all mold and mold spores in the indoor environment, keeping your home clean and dry can prevent extensive mold growth and its related damage.

Health Effects

The vast majority of people are exposed to small amounts of mold or their spores on a daily basis without evident harm. However, mold growing inside a home is an unsanitary condition that may present potential health risks to occupants. Therefore, it is always best to identify and correct high moisture conditions quickly before mold grows and possible health problems develop.

Potential health effects produced by molds may include allergic, irritating, or toxigenic effects, and rarely, infection. Allergic reactions are generally the most common health effect. Typical symptoms (alone or in combination) reported by people living in moldy homes include:

- respiratory problems, such as wheezing, difficulty breathing, and shortness of breath
- sneezing and/or nasal congestion
- eye irritation (itching, burning, watery, or reddened eyes)
- coughing or throat irritation
- skin rashes or irritation
- headaches
- fatigue

The potential health effects depend on the amounts and types of mold present, the length and frequency of exposure, and the sensitivity and health condition of exposed individuals. While many people seldom experience ill effects from mold exposures, some may develop very serious illnesses. Some persons exposed to mold or mold spores may become sensitized and develop allergies to the mold or other health problems. Even "dead" mold (including spores and pieces of mold) may still cause allergy, irritation, or toxigenic reactions. Thus, killing mold without removing the residue may still be a health concern. Complete removal and thorough cleanup of mold is the safest solution.

Individuals at greater risk who may experience more severe symptoms or become ill more rapidly than others include:

- individuals with existing respiratory conditions, such as allergies, asthma, or chemical sensitivities
- individuals with weakened immune systems due to conditions such as HIV infection or cancer freatment
- infants and young children
- the elderly

Anyone with a health problem they believe may be due to mold exposure should consult a medical professional.

Since you cannot remove all food sources for molds, it is important as a homeowner to take sensible precautions to prevent moisture from creating a breeding ground for mold.

MOISTURE CONTROL

- Maintain levels of humidity below 60% (preferably between 30% and 50%) by
 - venting bathrooms, dryers and other moisturegenerating sources to the outside
 - avoiding blockage of air conditioning vents
 - using air conditioners and de-humidifiers
 - increasing ventilation by installing additional crawlspace and attic vents, opening windows or installing an air-to-air heat exchanger
 - using exhaust fans when cooking, dishwashing and cleaning
 - avoiding the use of unvented heaters or high heat in confined areas
 - setting the air conditioning thermostat to "auto" to prevent circulation of humid air.
- Add insulation to reduce the potential for condensation on cold surfaces (windows, piping, exterior walls, roof or floors).
- Consider using moisture sensors that sound an audible alarm when a leak occurs.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

- Water Valve Make sure everyone in the household knows where the main valve is located and how to turn the water off.
- Rain Gutters and Downspouts Direct rainwater away from your home. Keep gutters clear and make sure downspouts are long enough to effectively carry water away from your foundation. Gutters that are filled with leaves and other debris allow water to back up on the roof, which can result in water damage to eaves and roofing material.
 Insulate Pipes and Outside Faucets Minimize the
- Insulate Pipes and Outside Faucets Minimize the
 potential for water damage from frozen, broken pipes by
 insulating supply lines (in attic, crawlspaces and exterior
 walls), protecting exposed outdoor faucets, sealing gaps in
 exterior walls and maintaining adequate heat in your home.
- Sump Pump The sump pump is the first line of defense in preventing water seepage into basements. Periodically check the sump and remove any debris that could clog the pump. Consider installing a battery-powered backup to protect your basement during power outages.
- protect your basement during power outages.
 Don't block weep holes Weep holes are openings at the foundation level of a brick wall that allow moisture to escape from behind the wall. Do not close or block these openings.
- Monitor Utility Bills An abnormally high water bill could signal a water leak.
- Before You Travel Turn the water off at the main valve or at major appliances. While you are away, consider leaving a house key and contact information with a neighbor or trusted friend and ask the person to check the inside and outside of your home periodically while you are away.

PREVENTION

- Purchase paint with EPA approved mold inhibitors
- Clean bathrooms often with mold killing products and keep surfaces dry
- Do not carpet bathrooms, basements, kitchens or other areas prone to collect moisture
- Repair damages that could lead to water intrusion promptly and properly
- Ensure that the home has adequate ventilation, including exhaust fans in the kitchen and bathrooms



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INSPECTION

Inspect your home regularly for the indications and sources of indoor moisture. Establish a maintenance schedule to check the following sources of water leaks on a regular basis. Contact a maintenance or service company with any questions or concerns

- Hot Water Heaters Over time, these appliances may rust or develop cracks, and the resulting leaks can be very costly. Check your water heater for rust and deterioration every year. Check the drain pan for water and ensure that the drain line for the overflow pan is not clogged. Drain and clean the water heater as recommended by the manufacturer.
- A/C Drain Lines Damage can occur when the line that
 drains condensation from the evaporator coils becomes
 clogged and water overflows from the drip pan. To prevent
 this, periodically check the drip pan for water and consider
 an annual inspection or service call to reduce the buildup of
 algae and mold in the drain line.
- Appliance Hoses Broken hoses are among the most common causes of water damage. Regularly inspect hoses and hose fittings on washing machines, icemakers and dishwashers for kinks, cracks, bulges or evidence of deterioration. Replace standard rubber washing machine hoses every two to five years, or more frequently if they are showing signs of water. Consider using steel-reinforced hoses for longer life.
- Showers, Tubs, Sinks and Toilets Water that leaks from around bathtubs, showers, sinks and toilets can cause extensive damage because the leak is often hidden from view. To prevent leaks, make sure you have a continuous watertight seal of caulk around the edges of sinks, toilets, tubs and shower stalls. Cracks or mold on the caulk or on the grout at tiles on walls or shower floors may indicate that you do not have a watertight seal. Remove all caulk or grout, clean and dry the surface thoroughly, and apply fresh caulk. Do not apply new caulk or grout on top of the old materials.
- Do not apply new caulk or grout on top of the old materials.

 Visible Piping Routinely check piping under cabinets and sinks for leaks, rust and evidence of deterioration.
- Waste/Garbage Disposal System Routinely check for cracking or other sources of leaks in the waste disposal system
- Caulking around Windows, Doors, Penetrations and Cracks - Windows and doors should have a continuous bead of caulk sealing them to the exterior surface of the home. Penetrations of the exterior walls by pipes, electrical conduit, phone or cable lines, and exhaust ducts should also be caulked. Cracks or mold on the caulk may indicate that you do not have a watertight seal. Remove all caulk, clean and dry the surface thoroughly, and apply fresh caulk. Do not apply new caulk on top of the old caulk.
- Attic and Ceilings Routinely check for wet insulation and water stains.
- Wallpaper Routinely check for bubbling and/or peeling, as well as pink or black stains.
- Roofs Keep roofs free of debris that can damage roofing material and allow water to seep in. Trim tree branches to prevent them from rubbing and damaging the roof. Promptly repair missing or damaged shingles. Properly seal any cracks around chimneys, skylights and vents. Check metal flashing for holes, cracks or other damage. Replace flashing or use silicon caulk to seal any openings.
- Landscape Yards should slope away from the house to prevent puddling near the foundation or under pier and beam houses.
- Sprinklers and Irrigation System Do not allow sprinklers or sprinkler heads to soak the exterior of the home.
- Check for evidence of water stains or odors, particularly after rains, on areas that could get wet.

POTENTIAL SIGNS OF MOLD GROWTH

- Unexplained discoloration on any surface
- Musty odor
- Dark spots on or around vents
- Water stains anywhere
- · Peeling or curling of vinyl floors or wallpaper





TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®

INFORMATION ABOUT PROPERTY INSURANCE FOR A BUYER OR SELLER

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A. The availability and the affordability of property insurance may affect both the buyer and the seller.

Typically a buyer will seek to insure the property. Most mortgage lenders require that the property be insured in an amount not less than the loan amount. The failure to obtain property insurance at or before closing may delay the transaction or cause it to end, either of which can impose both inconvenience and cost to both the buyer and the seller.

B. There are a number of factors that affect the availability and affordability of insurance.

- (1) The level of coverage will significantly affect the cost of insurance. There are several levels of insurance coverage. For example:
 - (a) a policy may cover the replacement cost of the improvements and the replacement cost of many personal items in the property in the event of most casualties;
 - (b) a policy may cover only value of the improvements and exclude many casualties; or
 - (c) a policy may cover casualties and costs between the two noted extremes under (a) and (b).
- (2) Coverage levels and prices vary from company to company. There are many insurance companies conducting business in Texas who offer a variety of insurance products at various prices.
 - (a) One insurance company may refuse to insure a particular property or person while another insurance company may elect to do so.
 - (b) One insurance company may charge a significantly lower premium than another insurance company for the same or similar coverage.
 - (c) Generally, each insurance company has specific guidelines by which it prices its insurance policies. The following are examples of criteria that an insurance company may use in evaluating an application for insurance. The criteria vary from company to company.
 - (1) Past claims filed against the property to be insured in the 5 years preceding the application.
 - (2) Past claims filed by the applicant to be insured in the 5 years preceding the application.
 - (3) The applicant's insurance credit score.
 - (4) The past relationship between the insurance company and the applicant.
 - (5) The physical characteristics of the property such as condition, age, location, or construction materials.

C. Most insurance companies participate in the Comprehensive Loss Underwriting Exchange (CLUE) and obtain a CLUE report to evaluate the claims history of the property and the applicant.

- (1) Most insurance companies contribute information about claims to an insurance industry database known as CLUE (a registered trademark of Equifax, Inc.). An insurance company obtains a CLUE report when evaluating an application for insurance.
- (2) A CLUE report contains information about the claims history of the property and of the applicant for insurance.
 - (a) The CLUE report contains only data and does not inform the buyer or seller whether insurance is or is not available or at what cost.
 - (b) Insurance companies use the CLUE report in different ways.
 - (c) It is best to speak with an insurance agent with respect to how the information in a particular CLUE report affects the affordability and availability of insurance.

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RE/MAX Real Properties. 160 South River Wimberley. TX 78676

- (3) While CLUE reports are generally accurate, there may be errors in the reports.
 - (a) An event may be listed as a claim even though the insurance company did not pay any proceeds (for example, the cost of repair did not exceed the deductible or an inquiry may be incorrectly classified as a claim).
 - (b) Federal law permits a person to challenge inaccurate information. One may contact the administrator of the CLUE report (Lexis-Nexis) to correct information in a CLUE report.
- (4) A property owner may, for a fee, obtain the CLUE report on his or her property through companies such as Lexis-Nexis (https://personalreports.lexisnexis.com, 1-866-312-9076), A-Plus (800-709-8842) or other companies, most of whose services are accessible via the Internet. An owner may also contact the Equifax Insurance Consumer Center at 800-456-6004.
- D. Promptly after entering into a contract to buy a property in Texas, the buyer should take the following steps to avoid delays in closing and to avoid additional costs.

If the buyer has the option to terminate the contract, the buyer should make sure that the buyer and the insurance agent have completed the following steps before the option expires.

- (1) Contact one or more insurance agents.
 - (a) The buyer should discuss the various levels of coverage with an insurance agent and ask questions that are necessary so the buyer understands the levels of available coverage.
 - (b) Insurance agents can provide applicants with written summaries of the various coverage levels.
 - (c) Basic summaries are available at the websites noted in Paragraph E.
- (2) **Submit an application** for insurance with the insurance agent of the buyer's choice.
 - (a) Applying for insurance promptly after entering into a contract to buy a property helps avoid surprises or delays in closing the transaction.
 - (b) Prompt application permits the buyer time to evaluate various coverage levels and prices.
 - (c) Delaying the application for insurance may limit opportunities to obtain the most suitable coverage and may limit opportunities to address any unforeseen problems or delays in obtaining coverage.
 - (d) In recent years, many transactions have been delayed or terminated because of problems associated with obtaining insurance.
- (3) Ask for written confirmation from the insurance agent that the insurance company:
 - (a) has received the application;
 - (b) has reviewed the applicant;s CLUE report; and
 - (c) has conducted all necessary reviews to issue a policy at the particular price quoted (some insurance companies may ask for specific information or may wish to inspect the property).
- (4) Verify that the insurance coverage the buyer chooses is acceptable to the buyer's lender.
- E. If one is not able to obtain insurance at a reasonable price or more information is needed, contact the Texas Department of Insurance (www.helpinsure.com or www.tdi.state.tx.us).

Receipt acknowledged by:		
Signature	Signature	
	Signatoro (NITA)	

(TAR-2508) 2-1-14

Page 2 of 2

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Federal Housing Administration (FHA)



OMB Approval No: 2502-0538 (exp. 04/30/2018)

For Your Protection: Get a Home Inspection

Why a Buyer Needs a Home Inspection

A home inspection gives the buyer more detailed information about the overall condition of the home prior to purchase. In a home inspection, a qualified inspector takes an in-depth, unbiased look at your potential new home to:

Evaluate the physical condition: structure, construction, and mechanical systems; Identify items that need to be repaired or replaced; and Estimate the remaining useful life of the major systems, equipment, structure, and finishes.

You Must Ask for a Home Inspection

A home inspection will only occur if you arrange for one. FHA does not perform a home inspection.

Decide early. You may be able to make your contract contingent on the results of the inspection.

Appraisals are Different from Home Inspections

An appraisal is different from a home inspection and does not replace a home inspection. Appraisals estimate the value of the property for lenders. An appraisal is required to ensure the property is marketable. Home inspections evaluate the condition of the home for buyers.

FHA Does Not Guarantee the Value or Condition of your Potential New Home

If you find problems with your new home after closing, FHA cannot give or lend you money for repairs, and FHA cannot buy the home back from you. Ask a qualified home inspector to inspect your potential new home and give you the information you need to make a wise decision.

Radon Gas Testing

The United States Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General of the United States have recommended that all houses should be tested for radon. For more information on radon testing, call the toll-free National Radon Information Line at 1-800-SOS-Radon or 1-800-767-7236.

Ask your home inspector about additional health and safety tests that may be relevant for your home.

Be an Informed Buyer

It is your responsibility to be an informed buyer. You have the right to carefully examine your potential new home with a qualified home inspector. To find a qualified home inspector ask for references from friends, realtors, local licensing authorities and organizations that qualify and test home inspectors.





HUD-92564-CN (6/14)





APPROVED BY THE TEXAS REAL ESTATE COMMISSION (TREC) P.O. BOX 12188, AUSTIN, TX 78711-2188

TEXAS REAL ESTATE CONSUMER NOTICE CONCERNING HAZARDS OR DEFICIENCIES

Each year, Texans sustain property damage and are injured by accidents in the home. While some accidents may not be avoidable, many other accidents, injuries, and deaths may be avoided through the identification and repair of certain hazardous conditions. Examples of such hazards include:

- malfunctioning, improperly installed, or missing ground fault circuit protection (GFCI) devices for electrical receptacles in garages, bathrooms, kitchens, and exterior areas;
- malfunctioning arc fault protection (AFCI) devices;
- ordinary glass in locations where modern construction techniques call for safety glass;
- malfunctioning or lack of fire safety features, such as smoke alarms, fire-rated doors in certain locations, and functional emergency escape and rescue openings in bedrooms;
- malfunctioning carbon monoxide alarms;
- excessive spacing between balusters on stairways and porches;
- improperly installed appliances;
- improperly installed or defective safety devices;
- lack of electrical bonding and grounding; and
- lack of bonding on gas piping, including corrugated stainless steel tubing (CSST).

To ensure that consumers are informed of hazards such as these, the Texas Real Estate Commission (TREC) has adopted Standards of Practice requiring licensed inspectors to report these conditions as "Deficient" when performing an inspection for a buyer or seller, if they can be reasonably determined.

These conditions may not have violated building codes or common practices at the time of the construction of the home, or they may have been "grandfathered" because they were present prior to the adoption of codes prohibiting such conditions. While the TREC Standards of Practice do not require inspectors to perform a code compliance inspection, TREC considers the potential for injury or property loss from the hazards addressed in the Standards of Practice to be significant enough to warrant this notice.

Contract forms developed by TREC for use by its real estate license holders also inform the buyer of the right to have the home inspected and can provide an option clause permitting the buyer to terminate the contract within a specified time. Neither the Standards of Practice nor the TREC contract forms requires a seller to remedy conditions revealed by an inspection. The decision to correct a hazard or any deficiency identified in an inspection report is left to the parties to the contract for the sale or purchase of the home.

This form has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission for voluntary use by its license holders. Copies of TREC rules governing real estate brokers, salesperson and real estate inspectors are available from TREC. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, 512-936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov)



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INSPECTOR INFORMATION

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TO:	(🗷 Buyer (🔲 Seller)
FROM: RE/MAX REAL PROPERTIES	(Broker's Firm)
RE: 800 ALLISON LANE, SAN MARCOS, TX 78666	(Property)
DATE:	
The attached list includes inspectors licensed by the Texas Real Estate other persons authorized by law to perform certain inspections (for exam electricians, or plumbers). The list is not a complete list of all inspectors may also obtain a list from other sources (for example, the local telephon	nple, termite inspectors, engineers, that may perform inspections. You
This firm strongly recommends that you hire inspectors to help you evalu	ate the condition of the Property.
Inspections are of conditions which are <i>present</i> and <i>visible</i> at the toconditions change with time and use. Inspectors are not likely to point of are not reasonably observable at the time of inspection. Inspectors we permanent coverings, or other obstructions. Neither inspectors nor reasonable of any item.	out small problems or defects that ill not move furniture, appliances,
This firm does not recommend any particular inspector and does not wa inspection.	rrant the quality of any inspector's
It is recommended that you accompany the inspectors during the insp questions about an inspection directly to your inspector.	pections. You should address any
Real estate licensees are not inspectors by virtue of their real estate licer	nses.
It may be necessary to make certain arrangements for the inspectors turning on utilities.	s, such as providing access and
Receipt of this notice is acknowledged and: I choose to hire an i I choose <u>not</u> to hire	•
Buyer/Seller	Date

(TAR-2506) 01/01/14

Page 1 of 1

RE/MAX Real Properties. 160 South River Wimberley. TX 78676
Phone: 512 848 6612 Fax: 512 857 8588 Allison AJ Harwood 800 ALLISON

NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE BUYER

As required by law,	I advise you to have the	abstract covering	the property	known as
800 ALLISON LANE				

800 ALLISON LANE				
SAN MARCOS, TX 78666 (Address) examined by				
an attorney of your own selection OR you should be furnished with or obtain a policy of little insurance.				
If the property is situated in a Utility District, Chapter 49 of the Texas Water Code requires you to sign and acknowledge the statutory notice from the seller of the property relating to the tax rate, bonded indebtedness or standby fee of the District.				
DATED::				
RE/MAX REAL PROPERTIES				
Brokerage Company Name				
ALLISON "AJ" HARWOOD				
Broker or Sales Associate				
have received a copy of this NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE BUYER.				
Prospective Buyer				
Prospective Buyer				

This form has been approved by the Texas Real Estate Commission (TREC) for use when a contract of sale has not been promulgated by TREC. The form should be presented before an offer to purchase is signed by the prospective buyer. Texas real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, Texas 78711-2188, 512-936-3000 (http://www.trec.texas.gov). TREC Notice to Prospective Buyer. OP-C replaces MA-C.



(TAR-2505) 10-10-11



TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF REALTORS®

INFORMATION ABOUT MINERAL CLAUSES IN CONTRACT FORMS

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This form contains general information about mineral estates in published contract forms.

- 1. INTRODUCTION: Historically, buyers and sellers of property near urban areas have not been concerned about the conveyance or retention of mineral interests. Mineral interests for such properties may have been severed in the past or the value of the mineral interests may have been relatively insignificant. There has historically been little risk that the owner of the mineral interests under property near urban areas could or would access the surface of the property to drill or excavate for minerals (perhaps, because the property was too small to support such activity or because such activity may have been heavily regulated by a city). In recent years, the discovery of large mineral deposits near urban areas and advances in drilling technologies have led to increased exploration and drilling activities in and near urban areas. In turn, buyers and sellers of property in urban and suburban areas have raised questions as to whether it is best to convey or retain all or part of the mineral interests in a particular sale.
- 2. WHO OWNS THE MINERALS? Owners of property in or near urban areas typically are not aware of the precise extent of the mineral interests they may own. One may own all or only a portion of the mineral interests. Further, the mineral interests may have been leased. Determining who owns the mineral interests, whether the mineral interests have been leased, and who holds rights under any leases requires an expert (such as an oil and gas attorney) to review the chain of title and formulate an informed opinion.
- 3. CONTRACT FORMS: The residential contract forms promulgated by the Texas Real Estate Commission and the commercial contract forms published by the Texas Association of REALTORS® provide that the seller will convey to the buyer all of the seller's rights associated with the property, including all mineral interests and any rights held under any mineral leases by the seller. If a seller wishes to reserve all or a part of the mineral interests and rights held by the seller in a residential transaction, the seller must use the Texas Real Estate Commission's Addendum for Reservation of Oil, Gas, And Other Minerals (TREC No. 44-2, TAR No. 1905). If the addendum is not attached to the sales contract, the seller conveys to the buyer all of the mineral interests and rights held by the seller at the time of the transaction. In a farm & ranch transaction, the seller may use the TREC promulgated form, but may also use any addendum prepared by an attorney or by either party.
- **4. RESOURCES:** One may find information related to mineral estates and mineral leases through many sources, including but not limited to: (a) the Real Estate Research Center (www.recenter.tamu.edu); and (b) the Railroad Commission of Texas (www.rrc.state.tx.us). There are many other useful sources that one can access via the Internet through most Internet search engines.

The undersigned acknowledge receipt of this notice.

-	Date	: 	Date
Printed Name:		Printed Name:	

(TAR-2509) 12-15-14



Page 1 of 1



DISCLOSURE OF RELATIONSHIP WITH RESIDENTIAL SERVICE COMPANY

RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACTS. A residential service contract is a product under which a residential service company, for a fee, agrees to repair or replace certain equipment or items in a property. Co-payments typically apply to most service calls. Residential service companies are licensed and regulated by the Texas Real Estate Commission. The extent of coverage and the cost of coverage will vary. Before buying a residential service contract, the buyer should read the contract and consider comparing it with the extent of coverage and costs from several other residential service companies. You may obtain a list of the residential service companies licensed in Texas at http://www.trec.state.tx.us as well as a copy of their respective contracts. **YOU MAY CHOOSE ANY COMPANY.**

THE PURCHASE OF A RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACT IS OPTIONAL. The TREC promulgated residential contract forms contain a paragraph in which the parties may negotiate whether the seller will reimburse the buyer the cost of a residential service contract. The choice of the residential service company and extent of coverage lies with the buyer. NEITHER A BROKER/SALESPERSON NOR A SELLER MAY CONDITION THE SALE OF A PROPERTY ON THE BUYER'S PURCHASE OF A RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CONTRACT.

	Other Broker/Salesperson will receive no compensation from a residential service company		Listing Broker/Salesperson will receive no compensation from a residential service company.
	Other Broker/Salesperson receives compensation from the following residential service company		Listing Broker/Salesperson receives compensation from the following residential service company:
	for providing the following services:		for providing the following services:
	compensation is not contingent upon a party vices from the residential service company.	to the	real estate transaction purchasing a contract or
an Reg	agent, provides to the company. As required by	y the F	Broker or Other Broker, either directly or through deal Estate Settlement Procedures Act and HUD provider are limited to the reasonable value of
Oth	er Broker's Name License No		'MAX REAL PROPERTIES ing Broker's Name 494844 License No.
By:		By:	~000 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
The	undersigned acknowledges receipt of this notice:		WITHCH Col
Buy	er	Sel	ler PAUL WHITELOCK.
Buy	er	Sel	ler DONNA WHITELOCK
	The form of this addendum has been approved by the Texas Rea forms of contracts. Such approval relates to this contract form only.	TREC for	

(TAR-2513) 12-01-2010 RSC-1

transactions. Texas Real Estate Commission, P.O. Box 12188, Austin, TX 78711-2188, (512) 459-6544 (http://www.trec.state.tx.us) RSC 1.



From the office of Commissioner Will Conley Hays County Precinct 3

Please read the attached letter regarding concerning activity in the area. If you have questions, you may respond to this email, or call our office at 512-847-3159.

Sincerely, Jennifer Anderson On behalf of Commissioner Will Conley Hays County P.O. Box 2085 Wimberley, Texas 78676

1

14306 Ranch Road 12, Suite 11 P.O. Box 2085 Wimberley, Texas 78676



Phone: (512) 847-3159 Fax: (512) 847-7352

Will Conley

Commissioner Hays County, Texas 512-847-3159

will.conley@co.hays.tx.us

Un- Regulated Well Field Development in Hays County

Fellow Citizens,

It has been brought to my attention that there is a large un-regulated well field being developed in mid-western Hays County near FM 3237. The company developing this project is a Houston-based company called Electro Purification LLC. They propose to deliver to potential customers around 6,000 acre feet of water per year out of this area of the Trinity Aquifer. As the representative of Precinct 3, this gives me a great deal of concern. Firstly, I am worried about the potential impact on residential and commercial wells in the nearby area. Secondly, I am wary of the overall health of the Trinity Aquifer in Hays County. Some actions have been taken out of the Precinct 3 office that I would like to bring to your attention.

Commissioner Whisenant, Representative Isaac, and I met with the principals of Electro Purification around January, 8th 2015. We each_expressed our concerns over this amount of water being distributed out of this area. Electro Purification and their representatives ensured us that the proper studies have been done and that they felt confident their project wouldn't negatively impact the surrounding area or the Trinity Aquifer. I asked them to consider five points.

- 1. An exit strategy to the project;
- 2. A binding agreement that protected area well owners, should the project negatively impact their water supplies;
- 3. Sharing their costs in the project at this point in time;
- 4. sharing the data associated with the project;
- 5. Providing copies of any contracts or letters of intent they may have with potential customers

Electro Purification stated that they would provide the information requested in items 4 and 5. However, they asked for more time to consider their level of comfort on requests 1, 2 and 3. At this time, I have received no information. I have asked in two different emails that they at least provide the well data to my office. I am hopeful that they will respond to these requests, as it would provide us with an opportunity to have a real conversation about the impact of their proposed operations.

I, along with many of my colleagues, have discussed this issue with the groundwater districts in Hays County. We have asked that they get together and see if they can develop some reasonable legislation that might cover this gap in groundwater regulatory authority in our community. To my knowledge the groundwater districts are working together and will try to deliver something to Representative Isaac in the near future. This is a complicated issue that will warrant a tremendous amount of discussion. However I am optimistic that our groundwater districts, working with Representative Isaac can come up with a good solution. The rule of capture should not be the only rule that applies to a corporate entity with the intentions of commercial distribution of water resources. I believe there must be some accountability on this whole process beyond free market principles that will protect the private property rights of land owners in an impacted area.

As of yesterday, the Precinct 3 office has filed Public Information Act requests with the following political subdivisions: the City of Kyle, Mountain City, the City of Buda, and Goforth Special Utility District. We filed these requests to ensure we have all information available in order to make the best decisions moving forward in our representation of the citizens of Hays County. We need to understand the entirety of the issue. If any information has been shared or discussed with these political subdivisions, access to that information will allow us to better assess the situation. I do not want to imply that these political subdivisions aren't cooperating with informal request. I believe that implementing formal requests was simply the best way to move forward in a timely manner. Hopefully, the Precinct 3 office will receive information from these entities in the near future that helps us better understand the issues at hand.

Commissioner Whisenant and I have placed an agenda item on the Commissioners Court agenda for next Tuesday, January 20th. In this Court session I plan to share with the Court the information we may have about this project. We will also discuss next steps. I assume this will be one of many meetings that we will have on this issue.

In closing, this is a very difficult and complicated issue. This proposed project may also have a direct impact on many people throughout Hays County. It is important in this time of tremendous change in Hays County that we do things wisely and carefully. We must also maintain our core principles and beliefs. As difficult as that can be, it is the challenge that is

before us today. I am confident with hard work, good government, and principled positions we
will meet these challenges and leave Hays County and its people a better and brighter future.

Sincerely,

Will Conley

Hays County Commissioner, Precinct 3





JASON ISAAC

STATE REPRESENTATIVE House District 45

For Immediate Release: May 24, 2015 Contact: Chelsey McGee - (512) 463-0647

BREAKING: Rep. Isaac and Sen. Campbell Pass Hays County Water Protection Bill

AUSTIN, TX - State Representative Jason Isaac (R-Dripping Springs) and State Senator Donna Campbell (R-New Braunfels) passed HB 3405 this evening in the Senate. HB 3405 will expand the boundaries of the Barton Springs-Edwards Aquifer Conservation District (BSEACD) to cover a portion of the Trinity Aquifer in Hays County that is not currently within a groundwater district.

Since the passage of HB 3405 in the House on May 8, 2015, Rep. Isaac and Sen. Campbell have diligently worked to fight off amendments and unnecessary language in the Senate.

"Today is a great day for Hays County. I'm pleased to announce an agreement has been reached that will protect private property rights and groundwater within Hays County," said Rep. Isaac. "Additionally, BSEACD is a non-taxing district, and residential and agricultural wells will be exempt from fees."

With the passage of HB 3405 we have protected the private property rights of those that may wish to sell their water, while protecting the private property rights of those surrounding well owners that may be negatively affected.

Sen. Campbell stated, "I am confident that we have taken a key step to protecting the Trinity Aquifer and current well owners who have been fearful of their wells running dry."



NOTICE REGARDING OAK WILT IN CENTRAL TEXAS

ADDENDUM TO EARNEST MONEY CONTRACT BETWEEN THE UNDERSIGNED PARTIES CONCERNING THE PROPERTY AT:

800 ALLISON LANE, SAN MARCOS, TX 78666

THERE MAY BE OAK WILT ON THE PROPERTY THAT YOU ARE ABOUT TO PURCHASE

OAK WILT is one of the most destructive tree diseases in the United States. The disease has killed more than 1 million trees in Central Texas. Oak wilt is caused by the fungus *Ceratocystis fagacearum*. The spores of the fungus invade and clog the tree's water conducting system, call xylem.

Oak wilt has been found in over 60 counties and in almost every city in Central Texas. It can be a problem wherever live oaks tend to be the predominate tree. It does not matter whether they are transplanted or naturally grown. An individual tree's age, size or previous health status does not make it more or less likely to contract or die from oak wilt.

Live Oaks die in the greatest numbers, most often in expanding areas called Oak Wilt Centers. Red Oaks are the most susceptible. They typically die within 2-4 weeks of symptom appearance. Common red oaks are Spanish, Texas, Shumard, Pin, and Blackjack. White oaks are least susceptible. Very few have been identified with oak wilt in Texas. They generally survive for a number of years with the disease. Common White Oaks – Post, Bur, Chinkapin, Monterrey.

OUR EXPERTISE:

 We cannot make representations or guarantees because we are not trained in identifying the condition of trees and their diseases and have no expertise in the area of plant diseases.

THEREFORE, WE RECOMMEND:

- That you take whatever other measure you feel is necessary to satisfy yourself about the condition of the property and its surroundings.
- That you accompany the inspectors and other experts during their inspections and ask any questions you have about the property.

Other Information: If you are concerned or desire additional information, you may call your County Agricultural Extension Service, or if you have access to the internet, go to http://www.texasoakwilt.org/

Affiliate 5/25/16		
Seller Date	Buyer	Date
Donna Whitelock		
Seller	Buyer	Date
all son Att Model		
Listing Agent Date	Buyer's Agent	Date