

Yields of Non-Irrigated Crops (Component): Corn (Bu)—Comanche County, Texas



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

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Soils

Soil Rating Polygons

 = 54.00

 Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Lines

 = 54.00

 Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Points

 = 54.00

 Not rated or not available

Water Features

 Streams and Canals

Transportation

 Rails

 Interstate Highways

 US Routes

 Major Roads

 Local Roads

Background

 Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Comanche County, Texas

Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 14, 2018

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Dec 31, 2009—Jul 24, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

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Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
BcB	Bolar clay loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	54.00	0.2	0.1%
ChC	Chaney loamy sand, 1 to 5 percent slopes		45.3	29.0%
CoC	Cisco loamy fine sand, 1 to 5 percent slopes		31.5	20.1%
PdC	Pedernales loamy fine sand, 1 to 5 percent slopes		0.0	0.0%
PsC2	Pedernales fine sandy loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes, moderately eroded		10.1	6.5%
PXD	Purves-Bolar association, undulating		28.0	17.9%
TuB	Truce fine sandy loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes		9.6	6.1%
TuC2	Truce fine sandy loam, 1 to 5 percent slopes, eroded		2.1	1.3%
TyF	Truce-Rock outcrop complex, 8 to 20 percent slopes		29.6	18.9%
Totals for Area of Interest			156.4	100.0%

Description

These are the estimated average yields per acre that can be expected of selected nonirrigated crops under a high level of management. In any given year, yields may be higher or lower than those indicated because of variations in rainfall and other climatic factors.

In the database, some states maintain crop yield data by individual map unit component and others maintain the data at the map unit level. Attributes are included in this application for both, although only one or the other is likely to contain data for any given geographic area. This attribute uses data maintained at the map unit component level.

The yields are actually recorded as three separate values in the database. A low value and a high value indicate the range for the soil component. A "representative" value indicates the expected value for the component. For these yields, only the representative value is used.

The yields are based mainly on the experience and records of farmers, conservationists, and extension agents. Available yield data from nearby areas and results of field trials and demonstrations also are considered.

The management needed to obtain the indicated yields of the various crops depends on the kind of soil and the crop. Management can include drainage, erosion control, and protection from flooding; the proper planting and seeding rates; suitable high-yielding crop varieties; appropriate and timely tillage; control of weeds, plant diseases, and harmful insects; favorable soil reaction and optimum levels of nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, and trace elements for each crop; effective use of crop residue, barnyard manure, and green manure crops; and harvesting that ensures the smallest possible loss.

The estimated yields reflect the productive capacity of each soil for the selected crop. Yields are likely to increase as new production technology is developed. The productivity of a given soil compared with that of other soils, however, is not likely to change.

Rating Options

Crop: Corn

Yield Units: Bu

Aggregation Method: Weighted Average

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

Interpret Nulls as Zero: Yes