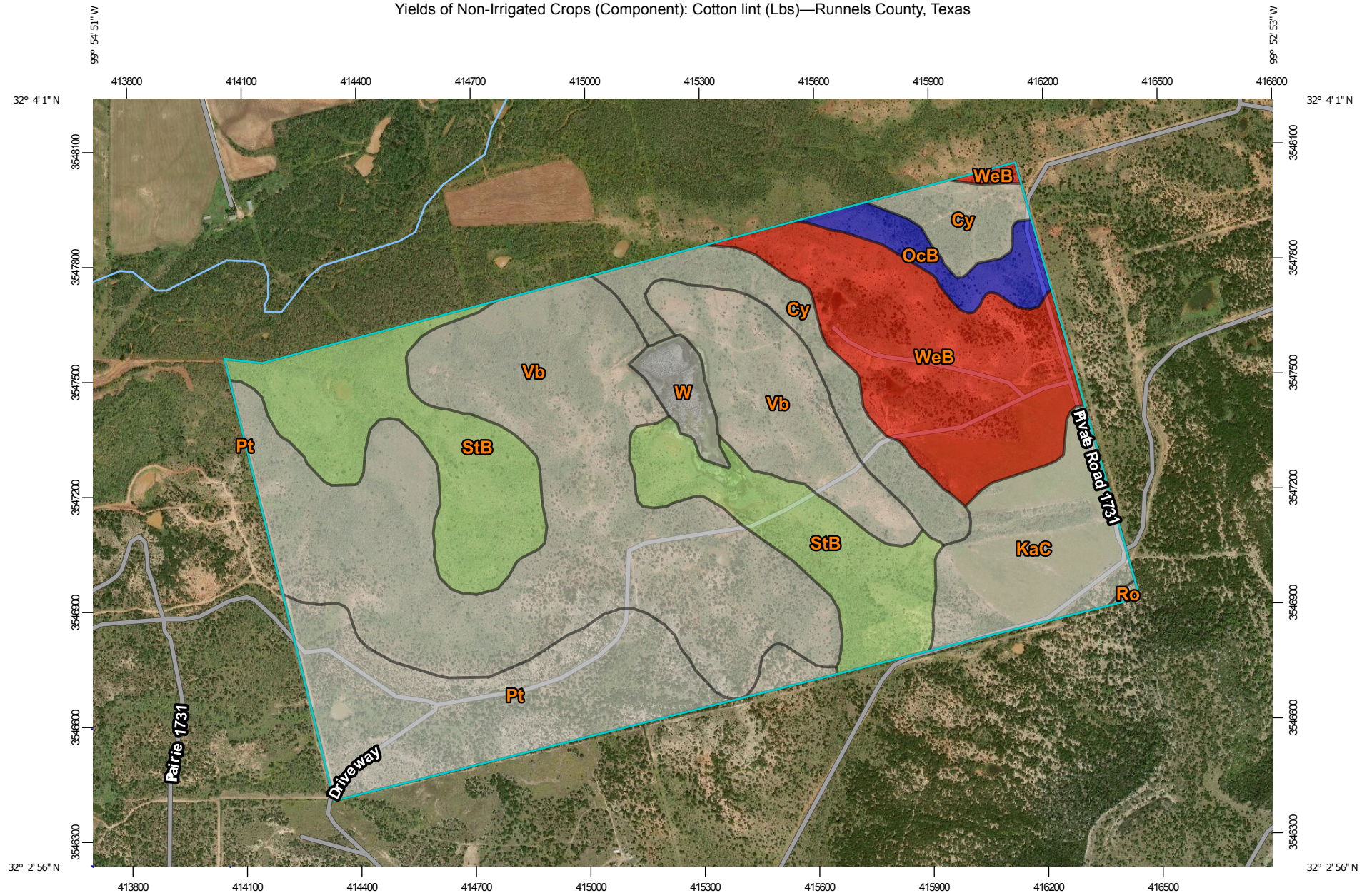


Yields of Non-Irrigated Crops (Component): Cotton lint (Lbs)—Runnels County, Texas



Map Scale: 1:14,100 if printed on A landscape (11" x 8.5") sheet.

0 200 400 800 1200 Meters

0 500 1000 2000 3000 Feet

Map projection: Web Mercator Corner coordinates: WGS84 Edge tics: UTM Zone 14N WGS84




Natural Resources
Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey
National Cooperative Soil Survey


11/6/2018
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MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)





 Area of Interest (AOI)

Background





 Aerial Photography

Soils





Soil Rating Polygons

-  ≤ 202.50
-  > 202.50 and ≤ 270.00
-  > 270.00 and ≤ 318.75
-  Not rated or not available


Soil Rating Lines

-  ≤ 202.50
-  > 202.50 and ≤ 270.00
-  > 270.00 and ≤ 318.75
-  Not rated or not available






Soil Rating Points

-  ≤ 202.50
-  > 202.50 and ≤ 270.00
-  > 270.00 and ≤ 318.75
-  Not rated or not available

Water Features

 Streams and Canals

Transportation

-  Rails
-  Interstate Highways
-  US Routes
-  Major Roads
-  Local Roads

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20,000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Runnels County, Texas

Survey Area Data: Version 15, Sep 16, 2018

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jun 14, 2012—Sep 11, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Yields of Non-Irrigated Crops (Component): Cotton lint (Lbs)

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Cy	Colorado and Westola soils, 0 to 1 percent slopes, frequently flooded		45.4	7.3%
KaC	Karnes soils, 3 to 8 percent slopes		46.8	7.5%
OcB	Sagerton clay loam, 1 to 3 percent slopes	318.75	15.6	2.5%
Pt	Potter soils		79.8	12.8%
Ro	Tarrant-Rock outcrop complex		0.6	0.1%
StB	Stamford clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes	270.00	104.7	16.8%
Vb	Vernon-Badland complex, dry, 2 to 12 percent slopes		240.9	38.6%
W	Water		9.8	1.6%
WeB	Weymouth clay loam, moist, 1 to 3 percent slopes	202.50	81.1	13.0%
Totals for Area of Interest			624.7	100.0%

Description

These are the estimated average yields per acre that can be expected of selected nonirrigated crops under a high level of management. In any given year, yields may be higher or lower than those indicated because of variations in rainfall and other climatic factors.

In the database, some states maintain crop yield data by individual map unit component and others maintain the data at the map unit level. Attributes are included in this application for both, although only one or the other is likely to contain data for any given geographic area. This attribute uses data maintained at the map unit component level.

The yields are actually recorded as three separate values in the database. A low value and a high value indicate the range for the soil component. A "representative" value indicates the expected value for the component. For these yields, only the representative value is used.

The yields are based mainly on the experience and records of farmers, conservationists, and extension agents. Available yield data from nearby areas and results of field trials and demonstrations also are considered.

The management needed to obtain the indicated yields of the various crops depends on the kind of soil and the crop. Management can include drainage, erosion control, and protection from flooding; the proper planting and seeding rates; suitable high-yielding crop varieties; appropriate and timely tillage; control of weeds, plant diseases, and harmful insects; favorable soil reaction and optimum levels of nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, and trace elements for each crop; effective use of crop residue, barnyard manure, and green manure crops; and harvesting that ensures the smallest possible loss.

The estimated yields reflect the productive capacity of each soil for the selected crop. Yields are likely to increase as new production technology is developed. The productivity of a given soil compared with that of other soils, however, is not likely to change.

Rating Options

Crop: Cotton lint

Yield Units: Lbs

Aggregation Method: Weighted Average

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

Interpret Nulls as Zero: Yes