

Highway 38 BENNETTSVILLE | SC







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This tract has great timberproducing qualities with an 84-foot average site index for loblolly pines. It is comprised of approximately 15 acres of merchantable timber with the balance in 6-year-old volunteer growth and a road that bisects the property.

\$174,250 SALE PRICE







Tax Map # 027-00-02-018



FOR SALE Highway 38 // Bennettsville // SC

Great soils



Game: turkey & whitetail deer



Flat topography



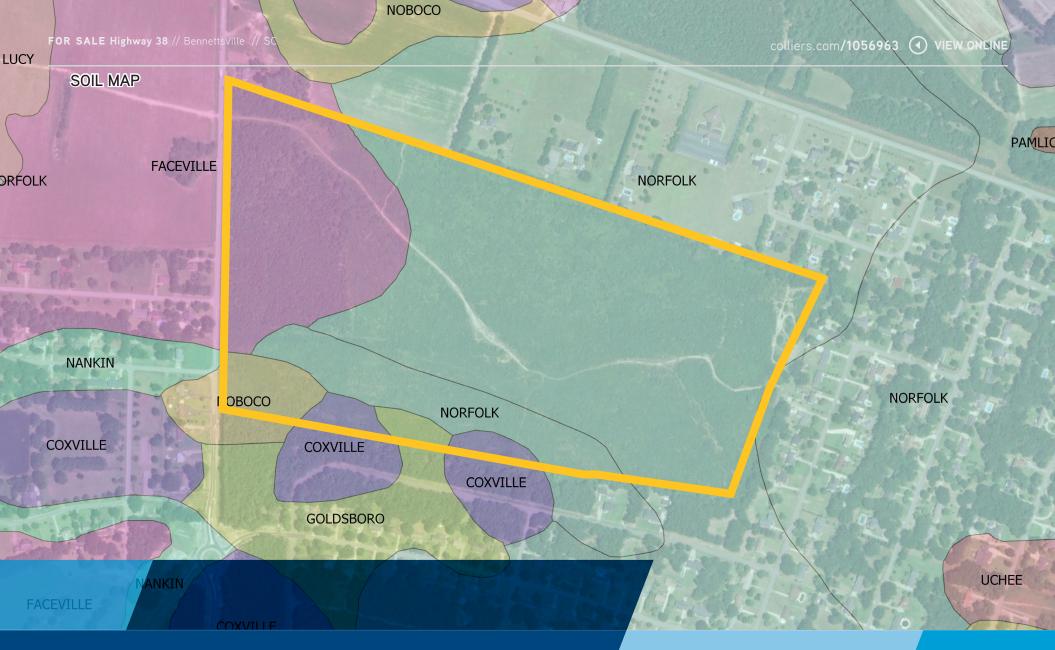
Florence | 50 min Columbia | 105 min Myrtle Beach | 105 min

Opportunity Zone

Potential Uses

Timber/recreational tract Conversion to row cropping Incredible home site





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Forestland Productivity

This table can help forestland owners or managers plan the use of soils for wood crops. It shows the potential productivity of the soils for wood crops.

Potential productivity of merchantable or common trees on a soil is expressed as a site index and as a volume number. The site index is the average height, in feet, that dominant and codominant trees of a given species attain in a specified number of years. The site index applies to fully stocked, even-aged, unmanaged stands. Commonly grown trees are those that forestland managers generally favor in intermediate or improvement cuttings. They are selected on the basis of growth rate, quality, value, and marketability. More detailed information regarding site index is available in the "National Forestry Manual," which is available in local offices of the Natural Resources Conservation Service or on the Internet.

The *volume of wood fiber*, a number, is the yield likely to be produced by the most important tree species. This number, expressed as cubic feet per acre per year and calculated at the age of culmination of the mean annual increment (CMAI), indicates the amount of fiber produced in a fully stocked, even-aged, unmanaged stand.

Trees to manage are those that are preferred for planting, seeding, or natural regeneration and those that remain in the stand after thinning or partial harvest.

Reference:

United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service, National Forestry Manual.

Report—Forestland Productivity

Forestland Productivity-Marlboro County, South Carolina						
Map unit symbol and soil name	Potential productivity			Trees to manage		
	Common trees	Site Index	Volume of wood fiber			
			Cu ft/ac/yr			
Cx—Coxville loam						
Coxville	Loblolly pine	91	129.00	Loblolly pine, Sweetgum		
	Longleaf pine	77	100.00			
	Southern red oak	87	72.00			
	Sweetgum	84	86.00			
	Water oak	75	72.00			
	Willow oak	88	86.00			
	Yellow-poplar	86	86.00			
FaA—Faceville loamy sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes						
Faceville	Loblolly pine	82	114.00	Loblolly pine		
	Longleaf pine	65	72.00			

Forestland Productivity-Marlboro County, South Carolina						
Map unit symbol and soil name	Potential pro	oductivity		Trees to manage		
	Common trees	Site Index	Volume of wood fiber			
			Cu ft/ac/yr			
GoA—Goldsboro loamy sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes, Southern Coastal Plain						
Goldsboro	Loblolly pine	88	127.00	Loblolly pine		
	Red maple	_	_			
	Southern red oak	_	_			
	Sweetgum	_	_			
	Water oak	_	_			
	White oak	_	_			
	Yellow-poplar	_	_	1		
NbB2—Nankin sandy clay loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, eroded						
Nankin	Loblolly pine	80	114.00	Loblolly pine		
	Longleaf pine	70	86.00			
NcA—Noboco loamy sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes						
Noboco	Loblolly pine	90	129.00	American sycamore, Loblolly pine, Longleaf pine, Sweetgum		
	Longleaf pine	80	100.00			
NoA—Norfolk loamy sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes						
Norfolk	Blackgum	_	_	Loblolly pine		
	Hickory	_	_			
	Loblolly pine	84	114.00			
	Longleaf pine	77	100.00			
	Southern red oak	_	_			
	White oak	_	_			
	Yellow-poplar	_	_			
NoB—Norfolk loamy sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes						
Norfolk	Blackgum	_	_	Loblolly pine, Longleaf pine		
	Hickory	_	_			
	Loblolly pine	84	114.00			
	Longleaf pine	77	100.00			
	Southern red oak	_	_			
	White oak	_	_			
	Yellow-poplar	_	_			