

Blythewood Road

Blythewood, South Carolina

Property Features

- ±141.5 acres available on Blythewood Road, in close proximity to I-77
- Utilities:
 - Water to be provided by Winnsboro
 - Sewer to be provided by Palmetto Utilities
- Tract features frontage on three roads:
 - ±1,180' on Blythewood Road
 - ±2,050' on Muller Road
 - ±1,700' on Syrup Mill Road
- · Wetlands delineated
- Zoning: PDD, Blythewood
- Sales Price: \$2,000,000

CONTACT BROKERS FOR MORE INFORMATION

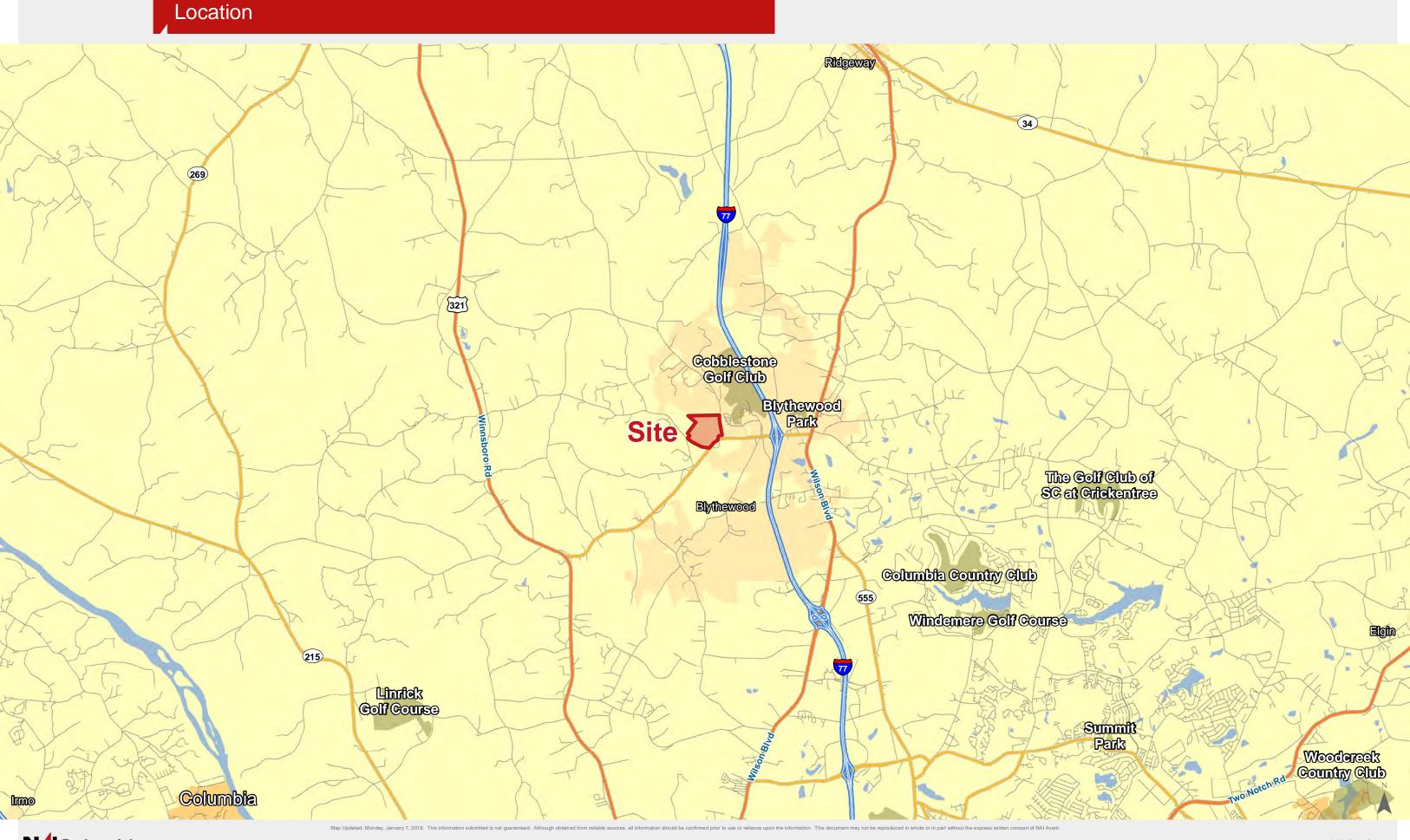
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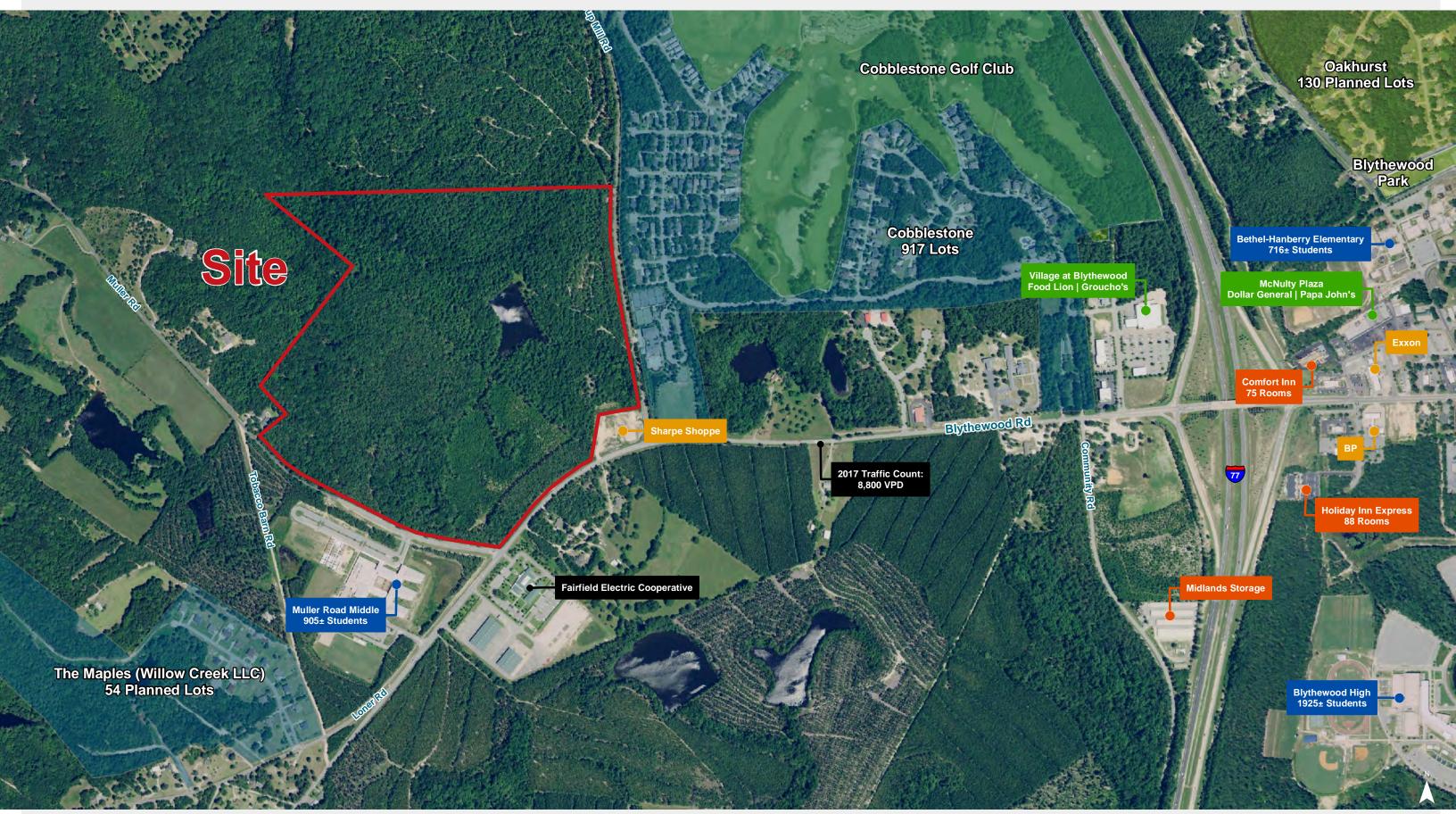
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Points of Interest

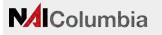










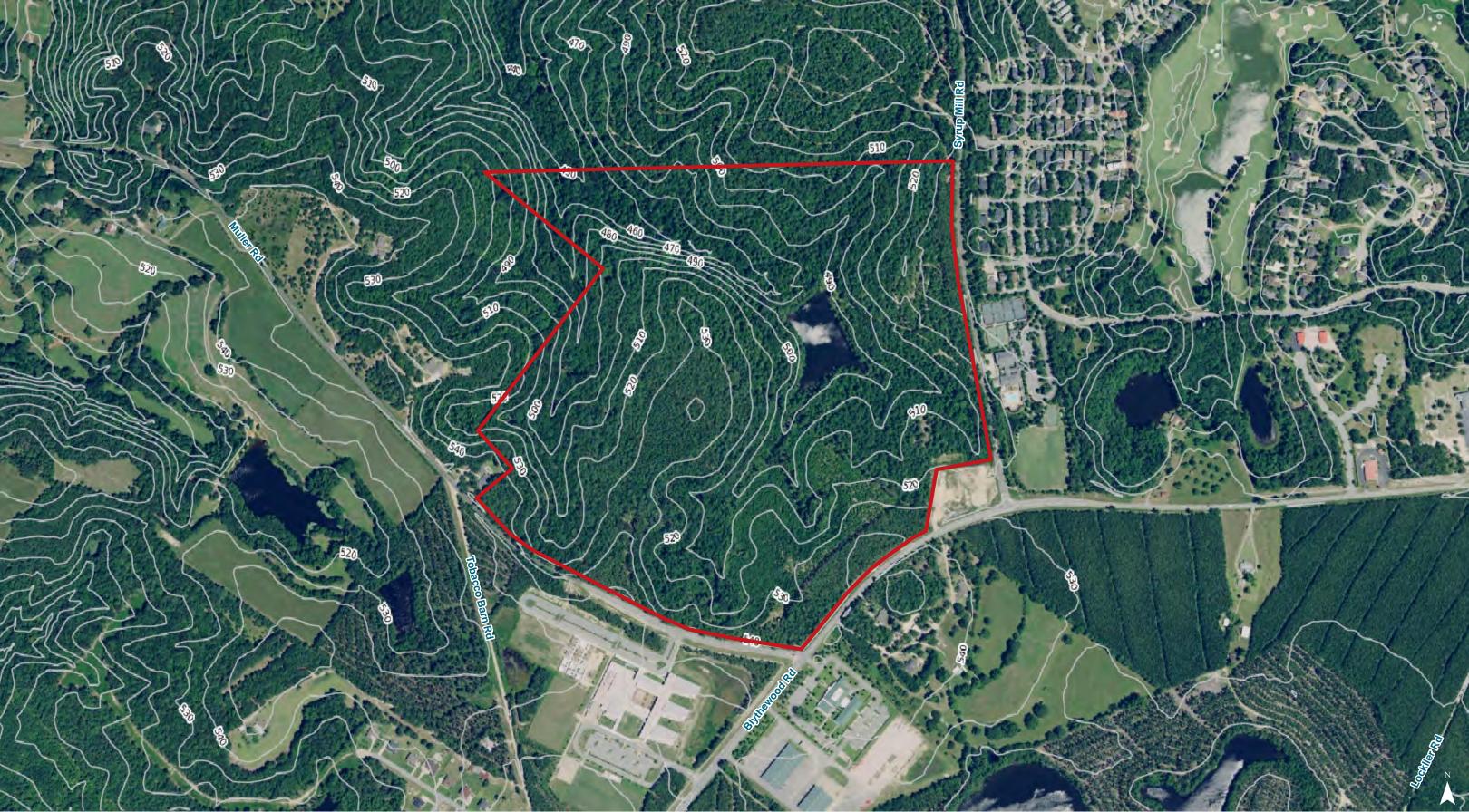


Topographical Map: 2' Contours



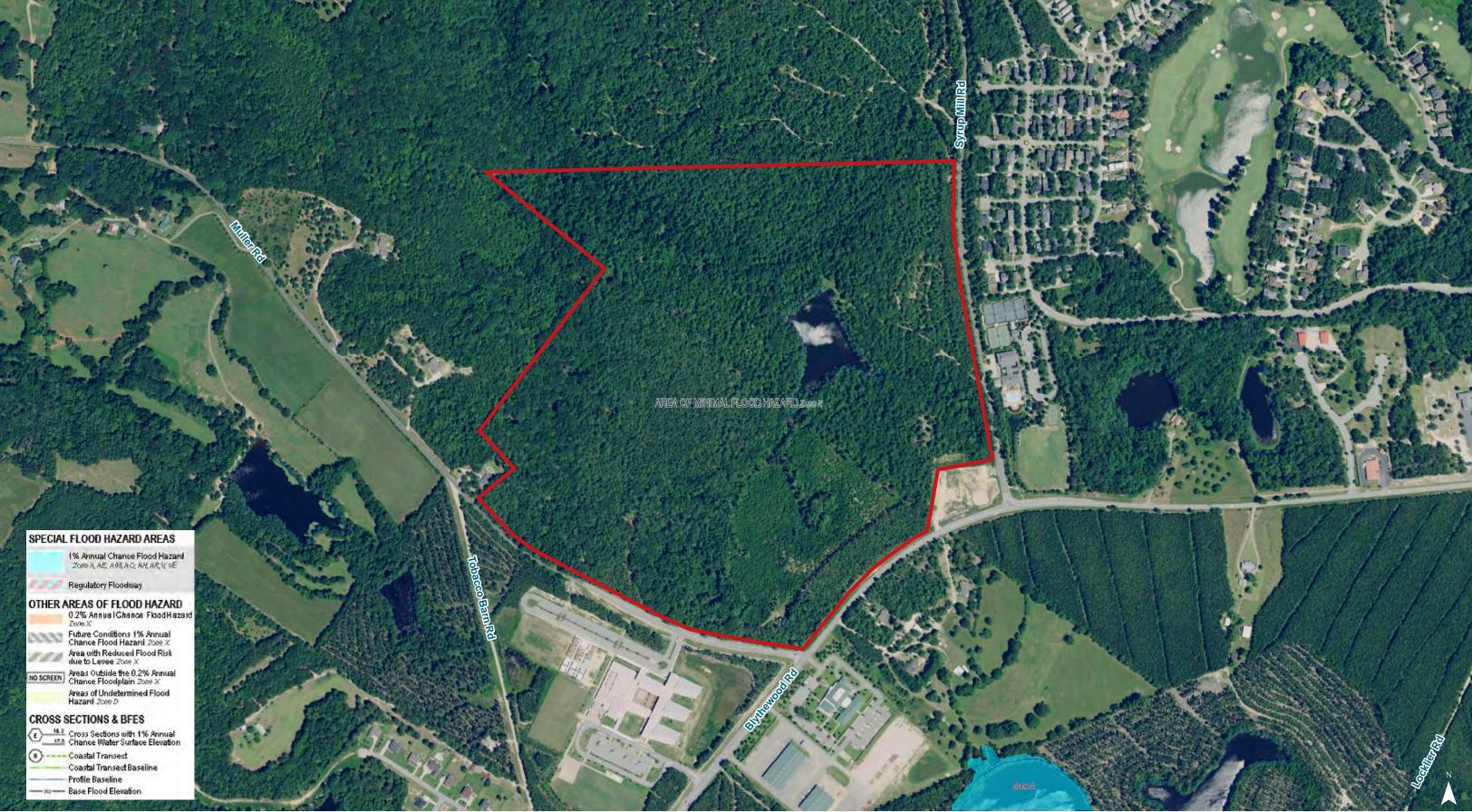


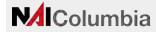
Topographical Map: 10' Contours





FEMA National Flood Hazard Layer





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National Wetlands Inventory









Map Unit Description (Brief, Generated)

Richland County, South Carolina

[Minor map unit components are excluded from this report]

Map unit: FuB - Fuguay sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Component: Fuquay (100%)

The Fuquay component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on marine terraces on coastal plains. The parent material consists of plinthic loamy marine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 60 inches during January, February, March. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map unit: GeB - Georgeville silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Component: Georgeville (85%)

The Georgeville component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on interfluves, piedmonts. The parent material consists of residuum weathered from metavolcanics and/or residuum weathered from metavolcanics and/or residuum weathered from metavolcanics and/or residuum weathered from slate. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map unit: GeC - Georgeville silt loam, 6 to 10 percent slopes

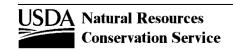
Component: Georgeville (100%)

The Georgeville component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 6 to 10 percent. This component is on hillslopes on uplands. The parent material consists of clayey residuum weathered from slate. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map unit: LaB - Lakeland sand, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Component: Lakeland (100%)

The Lakeland component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 6 percent. This component is on marine terraces on sandhills. The parent material consists of sandy marine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is excessively drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.



Survey Area Version: 15 Survey Area Version Date: 12/23/2013

Richland County, South Carolina

[Minor map unit components are excluded from this report]

Map unit: NaE - Nason complex, 10 to 30 percent slopes

Component: Nason (100%)

The Nason component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 10 to 30 percent. This component is on hillslopes on uplands. The parent material consists of clayey residuum weathered from slate. Depth to a root restrictive layer, bedrock, paralithic, is 40 to 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map unit: PeD - Pelion loamy sand, 6 to 15 percent slopes

Component: Pelion (100%)

The Pelion component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 6 to 15 percent. This component is on marine terraces on sandhills. The parent material consists of loamy marine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 12 inches during January, February, March, April, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map unit: TrB - Troup sand, 0 to 6 percent slopes

Component: Troup (100%)

The Troup component makes up 100 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 6 percent. This component is on marine terraces on sandhills. The parent material consists of sandy and loamy marine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is somewhat excessively drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 0 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3s. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Map unit: W - Water

Component: Water (100%)

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Water is a miscellaneous area